



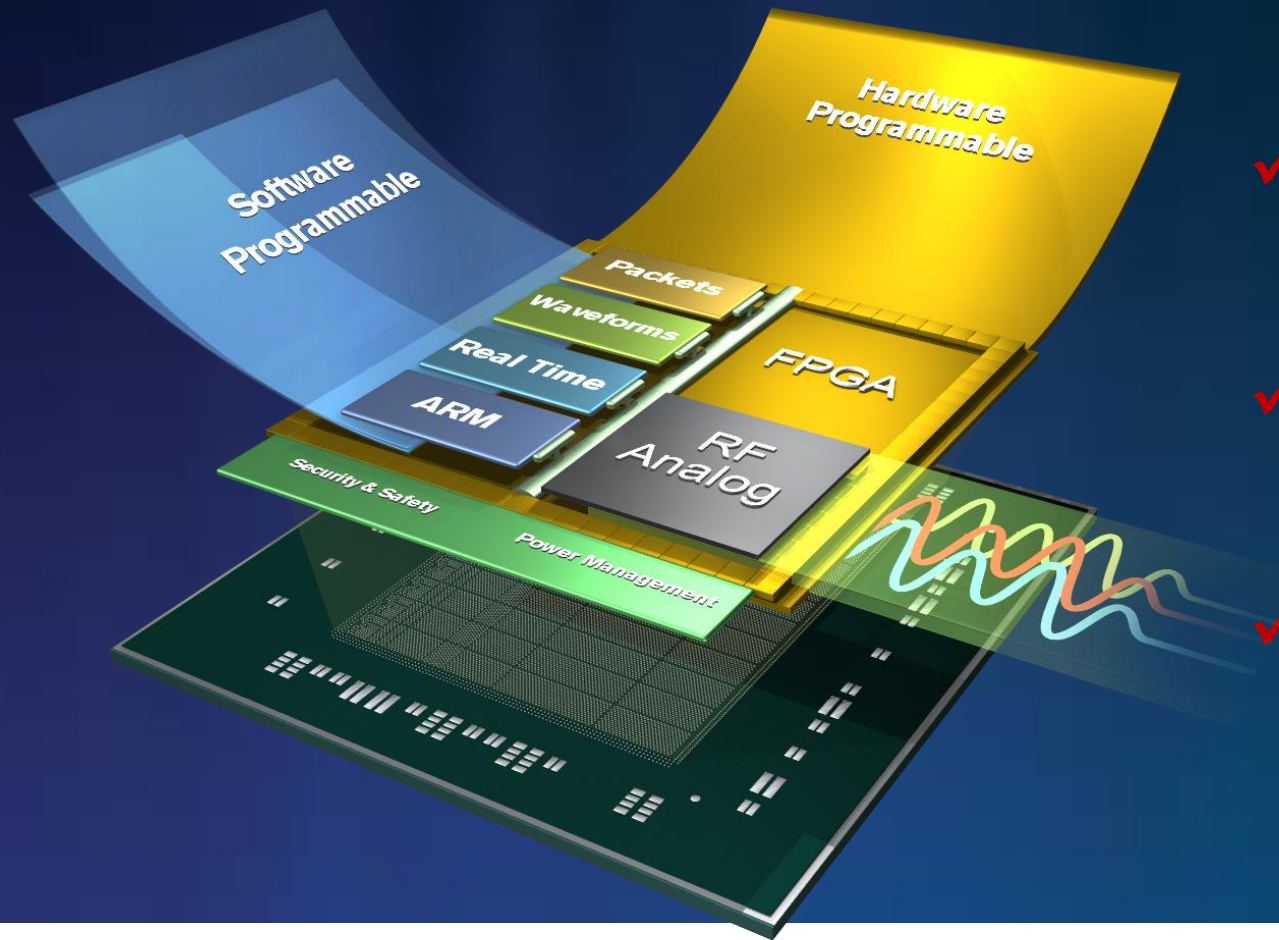
RF Solutions with Zynq® UltraScale+™ RFSoc

Presented By

Glenn Steiner
Sr. Manager
Xilinx



The First Programmable RFSoc



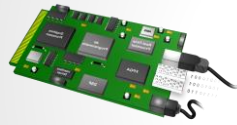
- ✓ Integrated RF-Class Analog Converters and Error Correction Technology
- ✓ Delivering 50-75% Power & Footprint Reduction
- ✓ Full Programmability Across the RF Signal Chain

Zynq UltraScale+ RFSoc Introduction



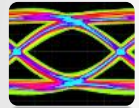
Part of a Complete System Based on Production-Proven MPSoCs

Monolithically Integrated



Hardened Engines

- PCIe Gen3
- 100G Cores



33G Transceivers

- 33Gb/s
- 28G Backplane Capable



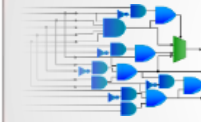
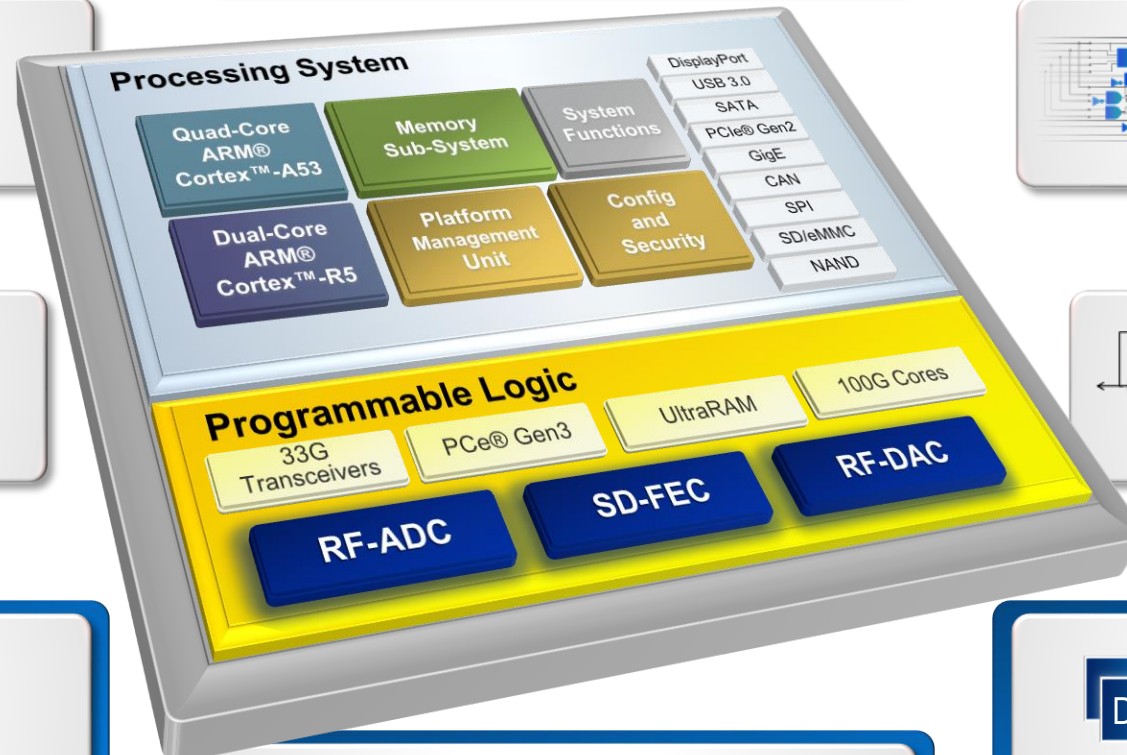
Analog-to-Digital Converters

Up to 4.096 GSPS



Processing System

- Quad-Core A53 (64-bit)
- Dual-Core R5 (32-bit)



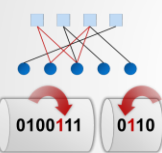
Programmable Logic

- 16nm FinFET
- UltraScale+ FPGA Fabric



DSP-Intensive

- 4,272 DSP slices
- 7,612 GMACs



Soft Decision Forward Error Correction

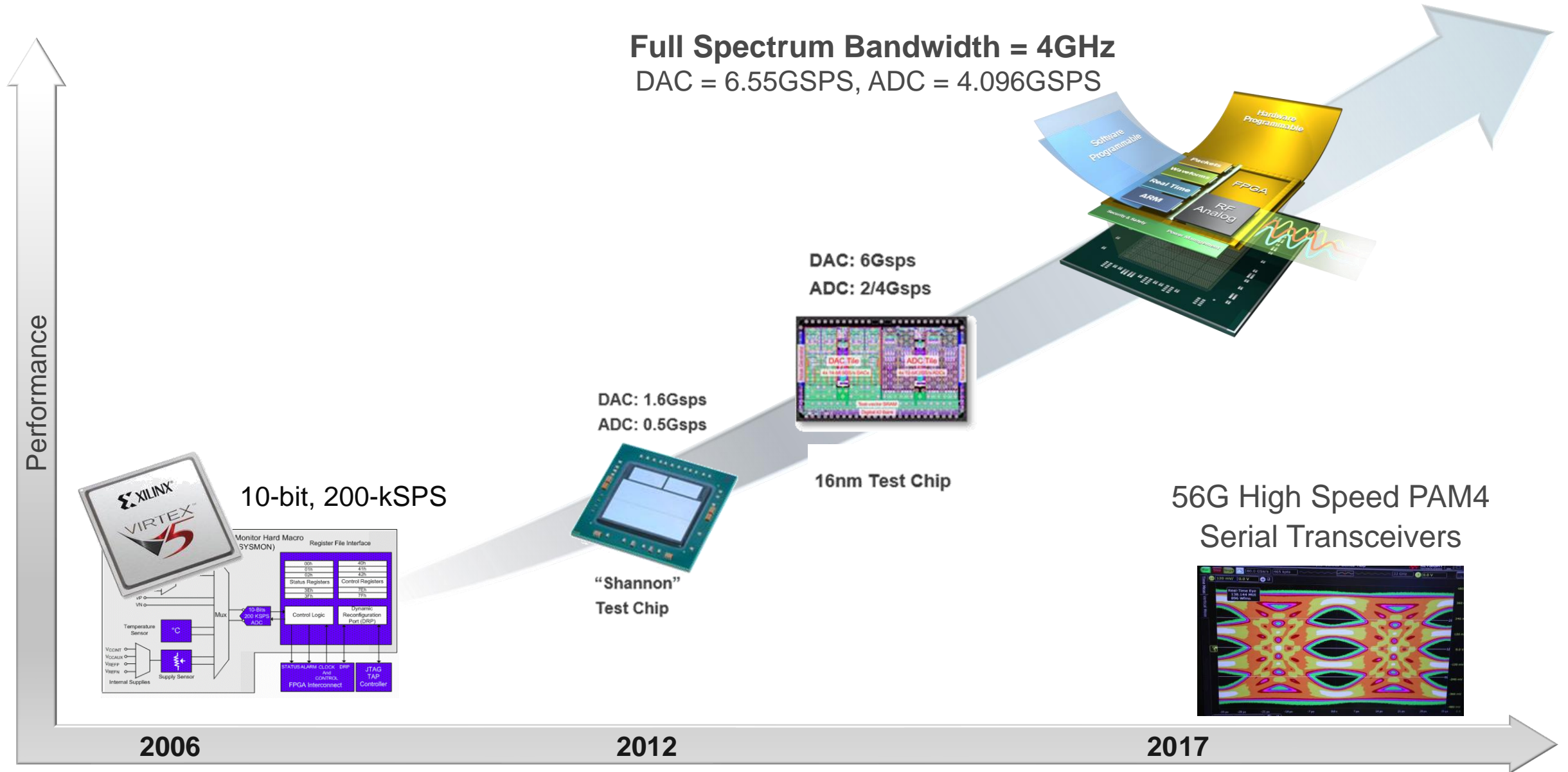
LDPC & Turbo Support



Digital-to-Analog Converters

Up to 6.544 GSPS

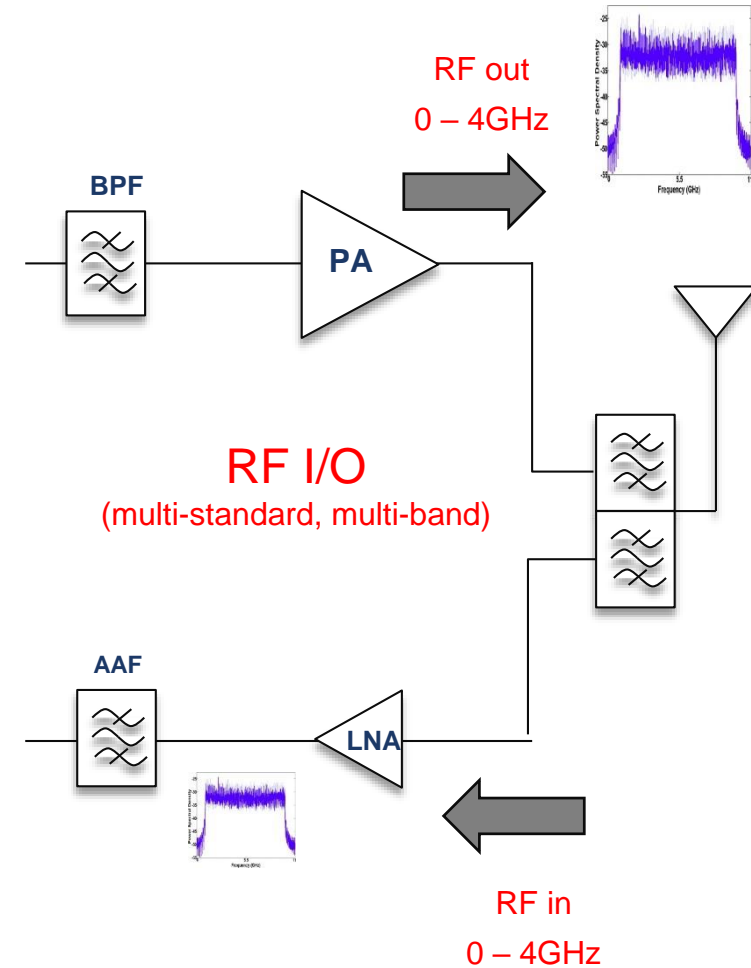
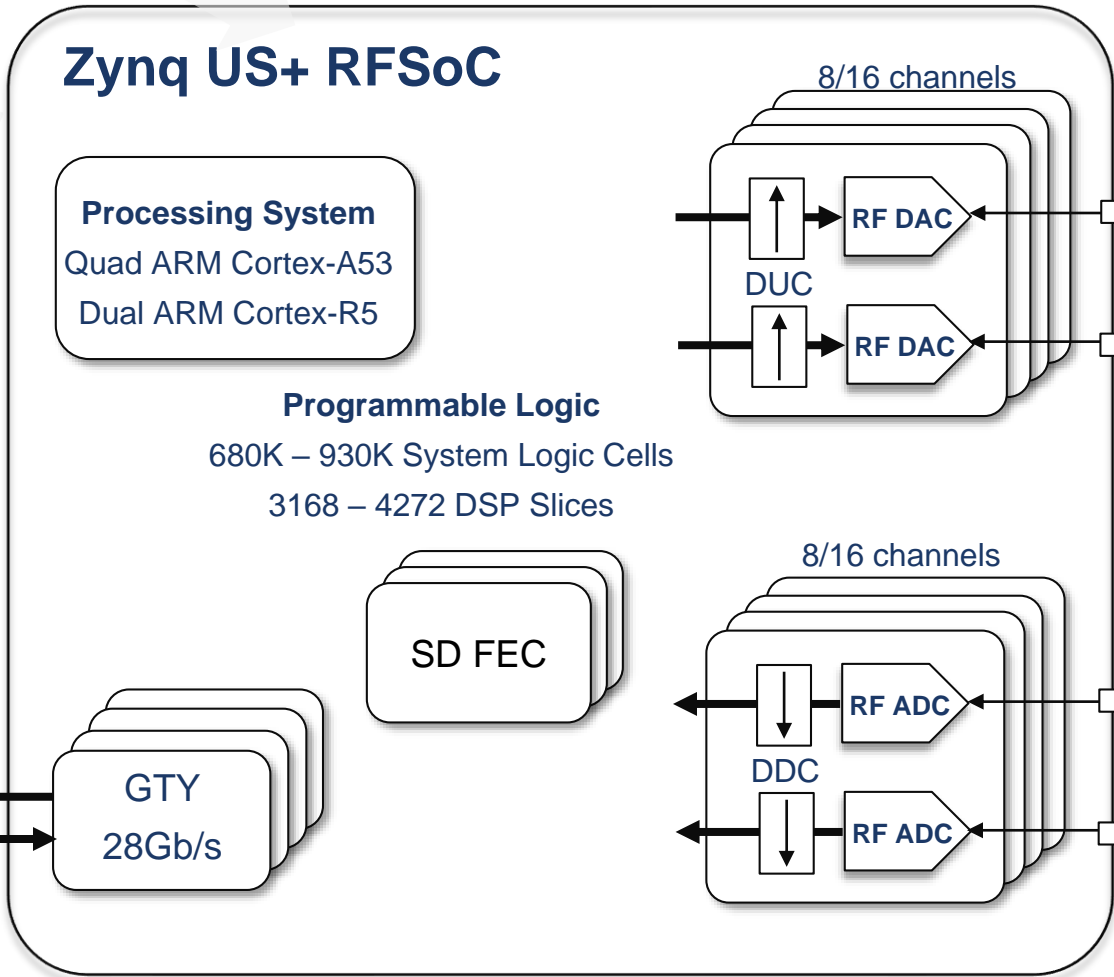
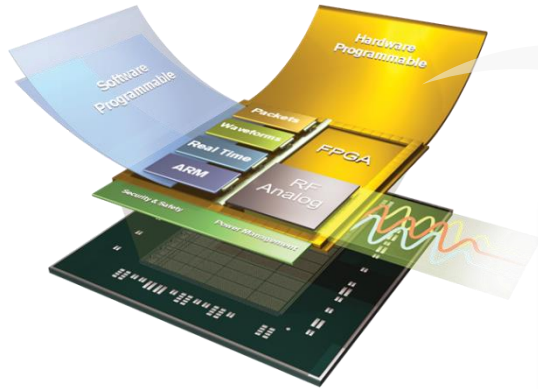
Xilinx RF Converters – An Evolution and A Revolution



Zynq UltraScale + RFSoc Applications



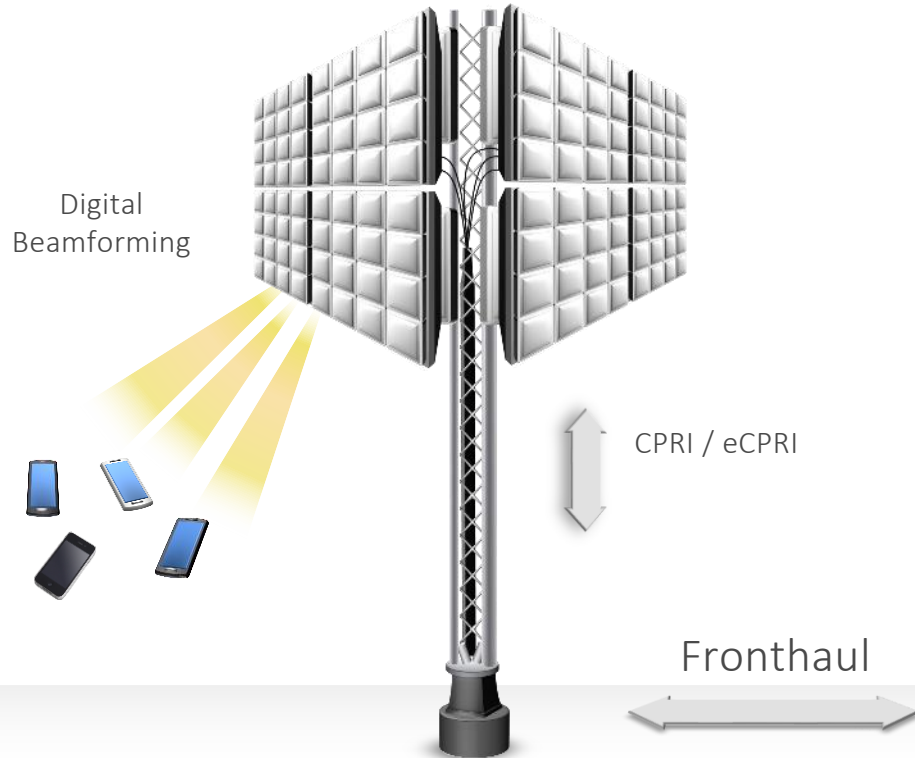
Software Defined Radio on a Chip



Enabling 5G Architectures

ZYNQ[®]
RFSoC

Remote Radio for Massive-MIMO
POWER • FORM FACTOR



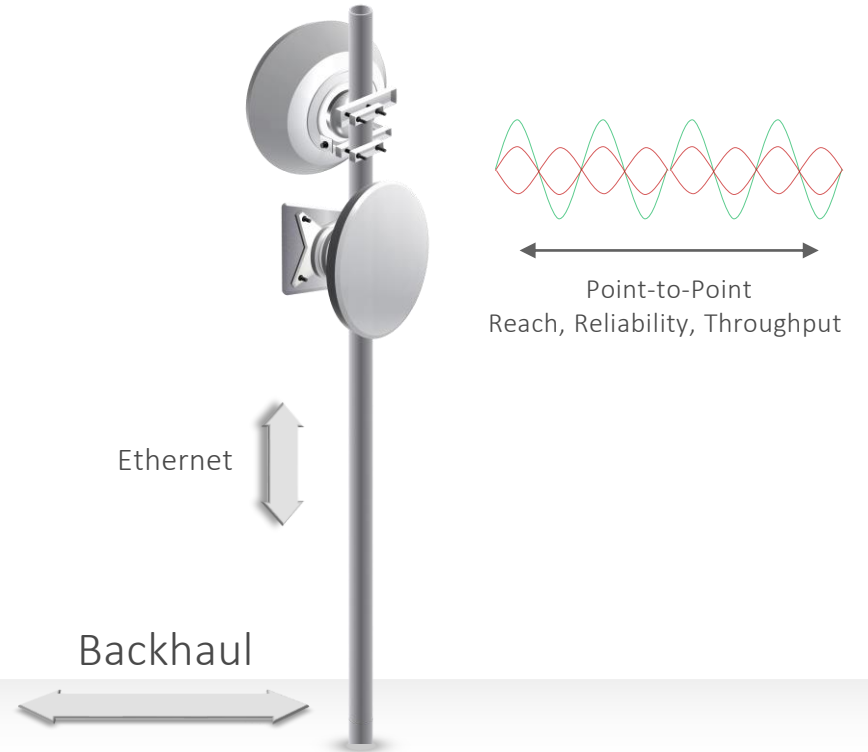
ZYNQ[®]
RFSoC

Baseband
THROUGHPUT • POWER EFFICIENCY



ZYNQ[®]
RFSoC

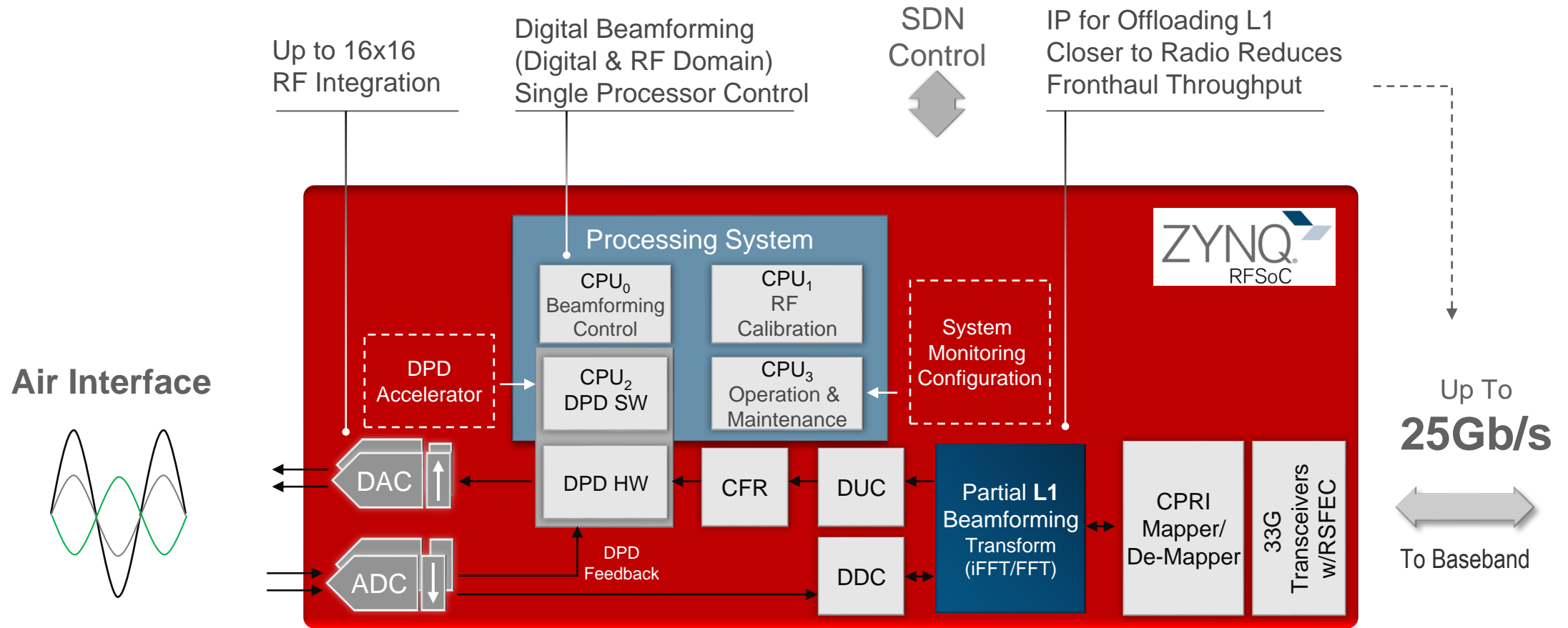
Wireless Backhaul
THROUGHPUT • POWER • FORM FACTOR



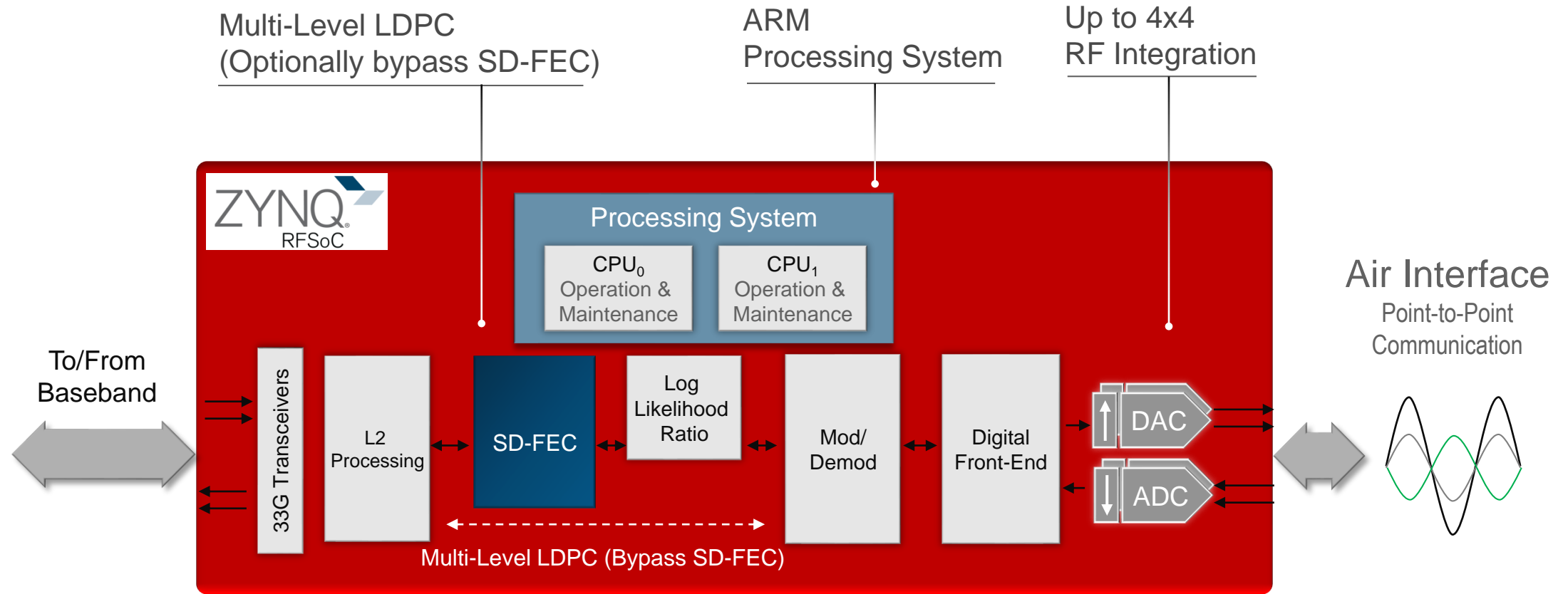
Zynq UltraScale+ RFSoC - Advancing 5G Architectures

SPECTRAL EFFICIENCY • POWER EFFICIENCY • NETWORK DENSIFICATION

Zynq UltraScale+ RFSoc in 5G New Radio

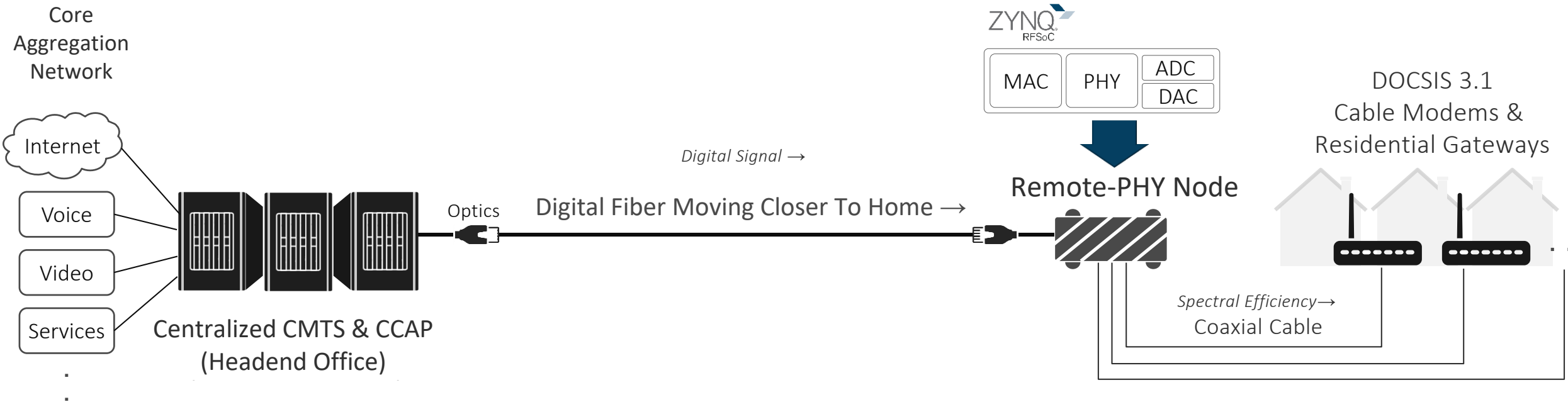


Zynq UltraScale+ RFSoc in Wireless Backhaul



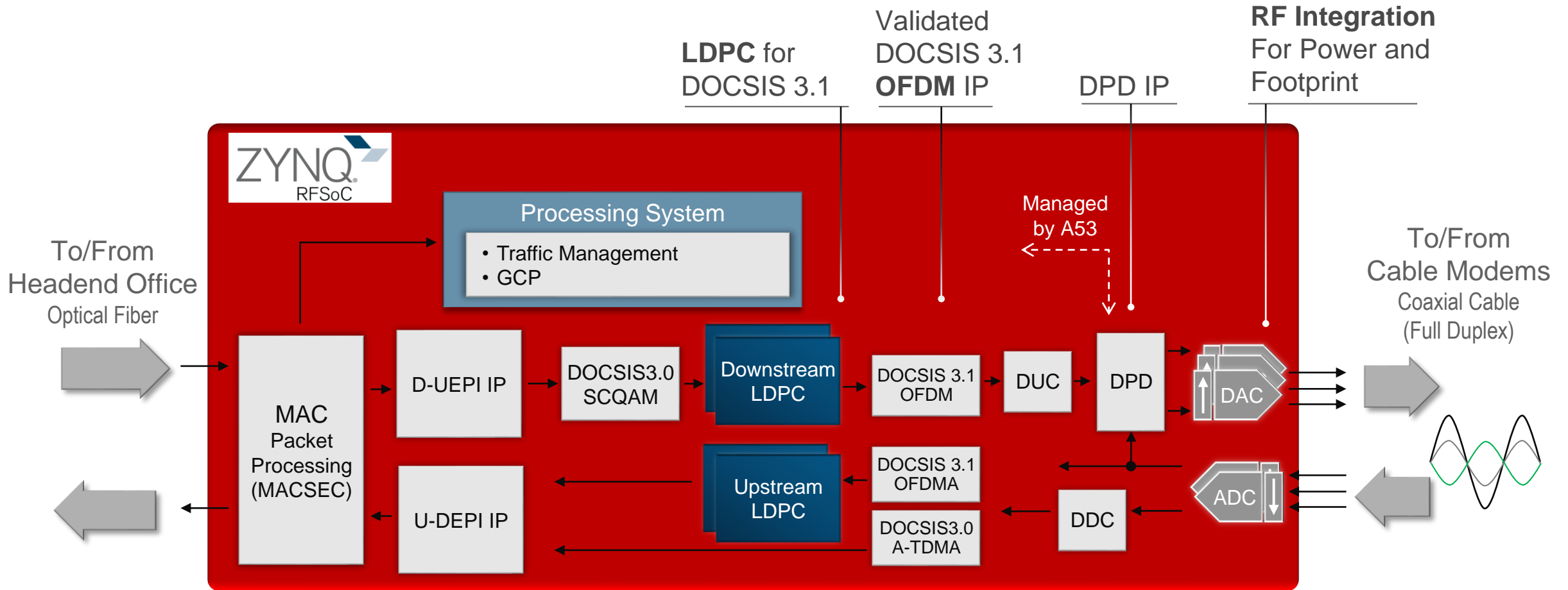
DOCSIS 3.1 Remote PHY Node

Distributed Access Architecture



- “Fiber Deep” deployed closer to the home for greater bandwidth & power efficiency
- Remote PHY node moves PHY layer processing closer to the home, increasing network capacity

DOCSIS 3.1 Remote PHY Node



Zynq UltraScale+ RFSoc Product Family and Benefits

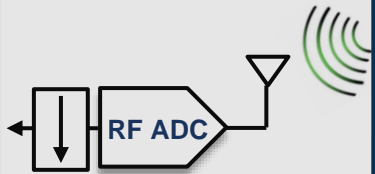


Zynq UltraScale+ RFSoc Family Overview

Data Converter Enabled Devices

		Baseband	Wireless Radio		Backhaul, Remote-PHY	Phased Array Radar / Radio
		ZU21DR	ZU25DR	ZU27DR	ZU28DR	ZU29DR
RF Data Converters Soft Decision FEC	12-bit, 4GSPS ADC	-	8	8	8	-
	12-bit, 2GSPS ADC	-	-	-	-	16
	14-bit, 6.4GSPS DAC	-	8	8	8	16
	SD-FEC	8	-	-	8	-
Processing System & Programmable Logic	Application Processor Core	Quad-core ARM Cortex-A53 MPCore up to 1.5GHz				
	Real-Time Processor Core	Dual-core ARM Cortex-R5 MPCore up to 533MHz				
	High Speed Connectivity	DDR4-2600, PCIe Gen3 x16, 100G Ethernet				
	Logic Density (System Logic Cells)	930K	678K	930K	930K	930K
	DSP Slices	4,272	3,145	4,272	4,272	4,272
	33G Transceivers	16	8	16	16	16

Key Benefits of Integrated RF Data Converters



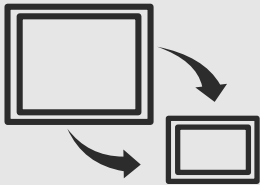
Fully Programmable Direct RF Sampling Radio Platform

- RF-signal processing moved to the digital domain for a fully Programmable Solution
- Software Defined Solution for multi-mode and multi-band radios



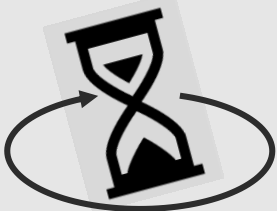
Reduced System Power

- Reduces data converter power by using advanced technology and Digitally Assisted Analog
- Elimination of power hungry FPGA-to-Analog interfaces like JESD204



Dramatic System Footprint Reduction

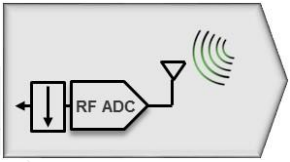
- Eliminates discrete converters and associated JESD PCB area
- Enables increasing channel counts across a range of new radio applications



Shorter Design Cycle

- Simplified HW design with fewer RF components and the elimination of JESD Interfaces
- Simpler Data Converter Subsystem configuration from within Xilinx Vivado tools

Programmable Direct RF Sampling For Radio



> Moving RF Signal Processing into the Digital Domain

>> Flexible Platform based on Programmable HW and SW addresses a range of radio applications

> Remove less flexible RF signal processing components

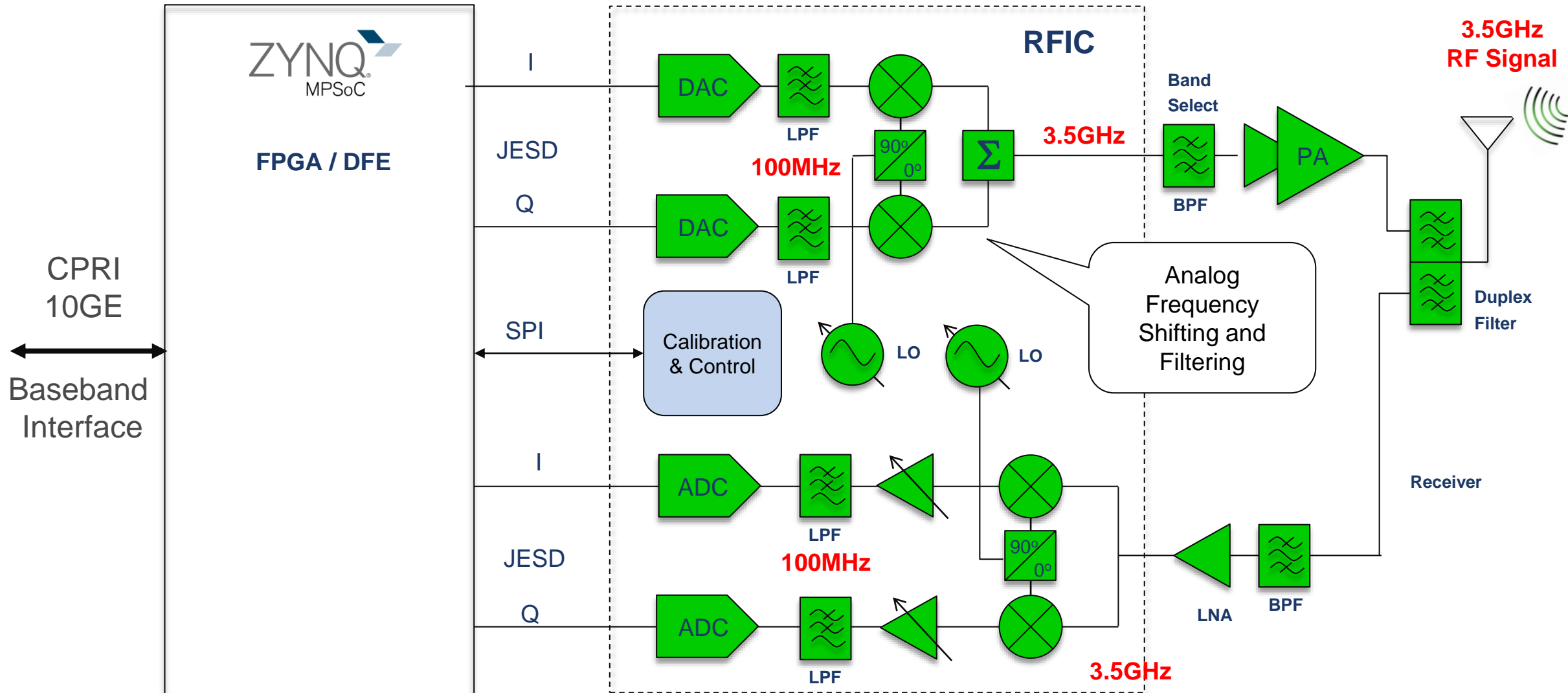
>> Analog/RF components have limited flexibility and performance

> Enable a programmable platform that can be used across radio types

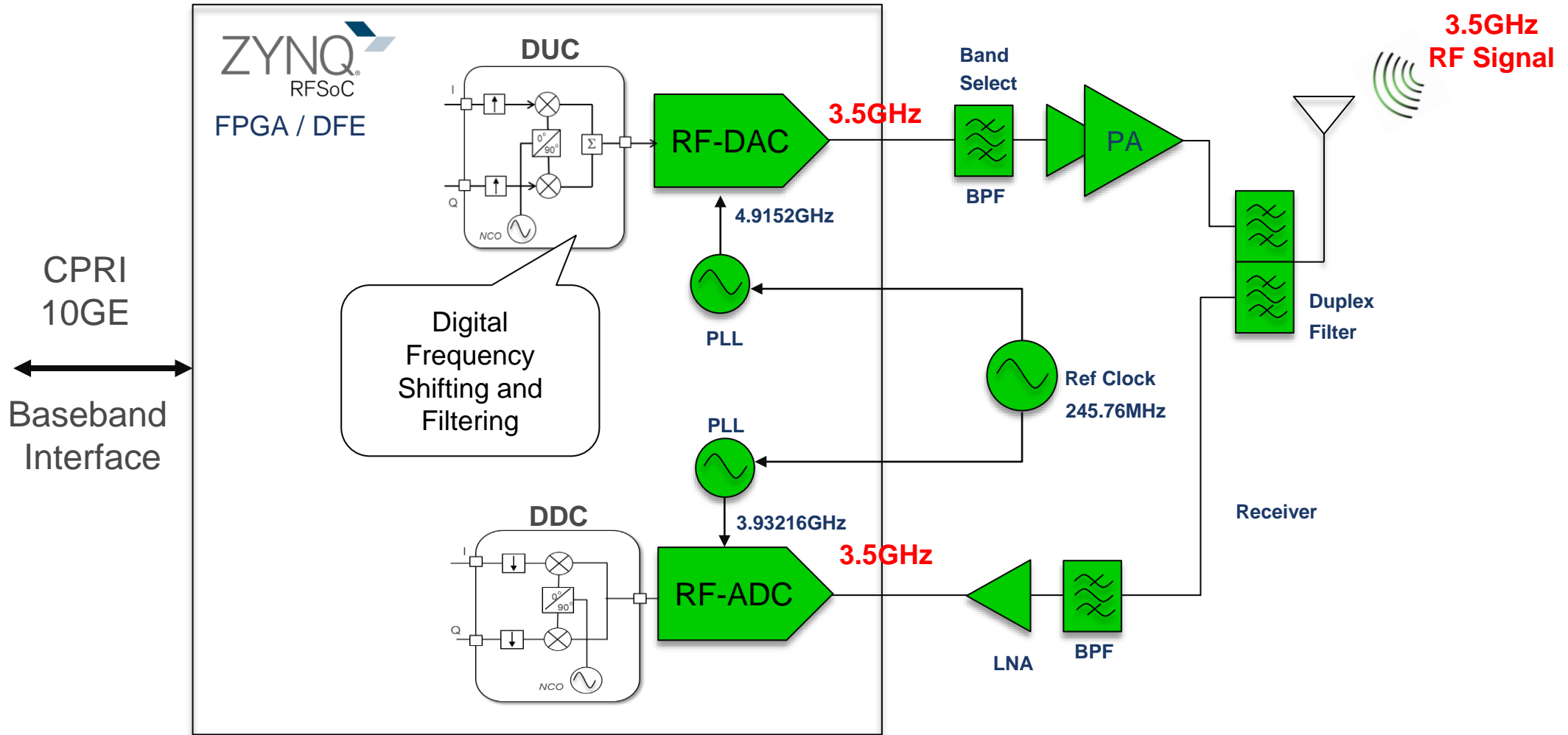
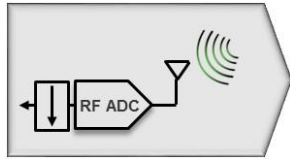
>> Multiple radio variants required to address global frequency allocations and different bandwidths

>> Ability to support new and emerging standards such as Carrier Aggregation

Baseband/IF Sampling & RF Signal Processing

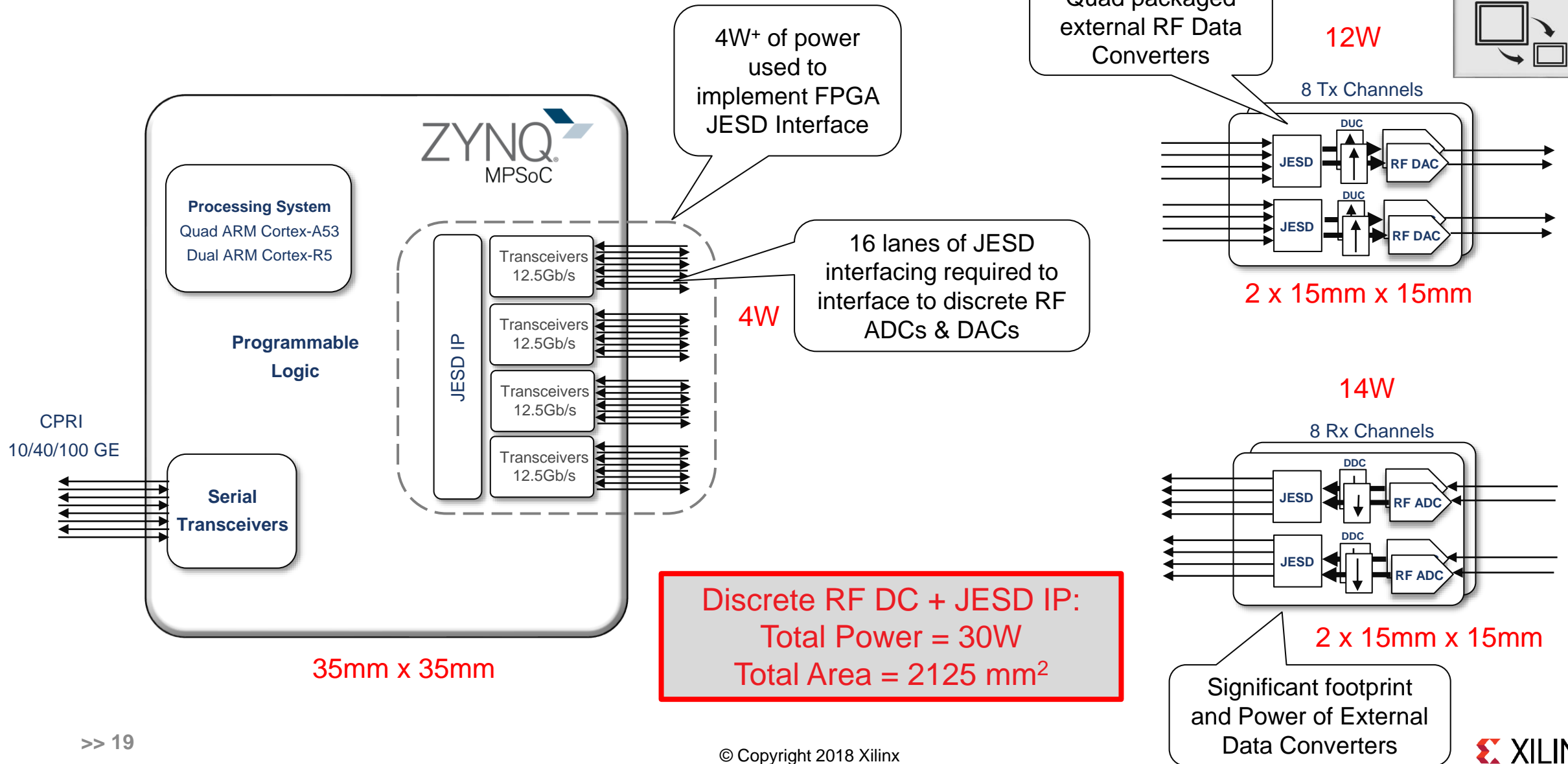
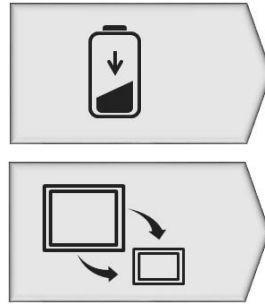


Direct RF Sampling & Digital Signal Processing



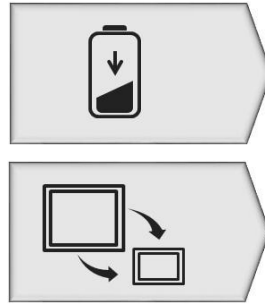
Discrete Direct RF Sampling Solution Case Study

8T8R 200MHz Band 42 Radio



Integrated Direct RF Sampling Case Study

8T8R 200MHz Band 42 Radio



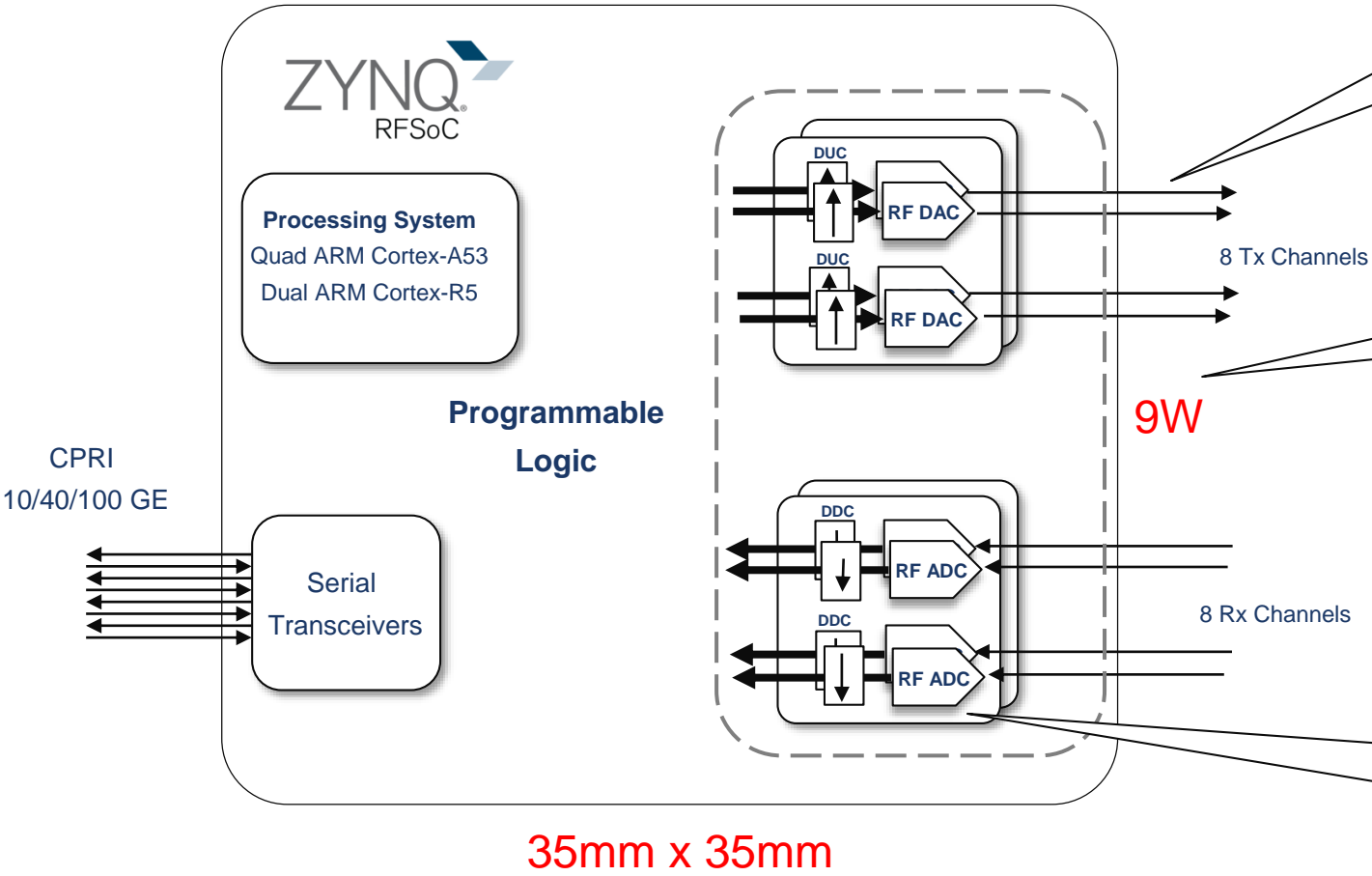
4W JESD interface is replaced with a 9W 8T8R RF Sampling Data Converter Subsystem

Eliminate the power and PCB area of 16 JESD lanes

Eliminate ~ 26W of discrete RF Data Converter Power and PCB area

Integrated ZU+ RFSoc:
Total Power = 9W (70% savings)
Total Area = 1225 mm² (42% savings)

Power consumption of Data Converters implemented on 16nm FinFET is greatly reduced by using the latest digitally assisted analog techniques



Advantages of an Integrated SD-FEC



High Throughput and Compute Bandwidth

- High performance core with robust LPDC and Turbo engines
- Configurable interface to control throughput per design requirements



Flexible Customization and Design Integration

- Dynamically optimize parameters and codes for evolving standards
- Coupled with an HW & SW platform

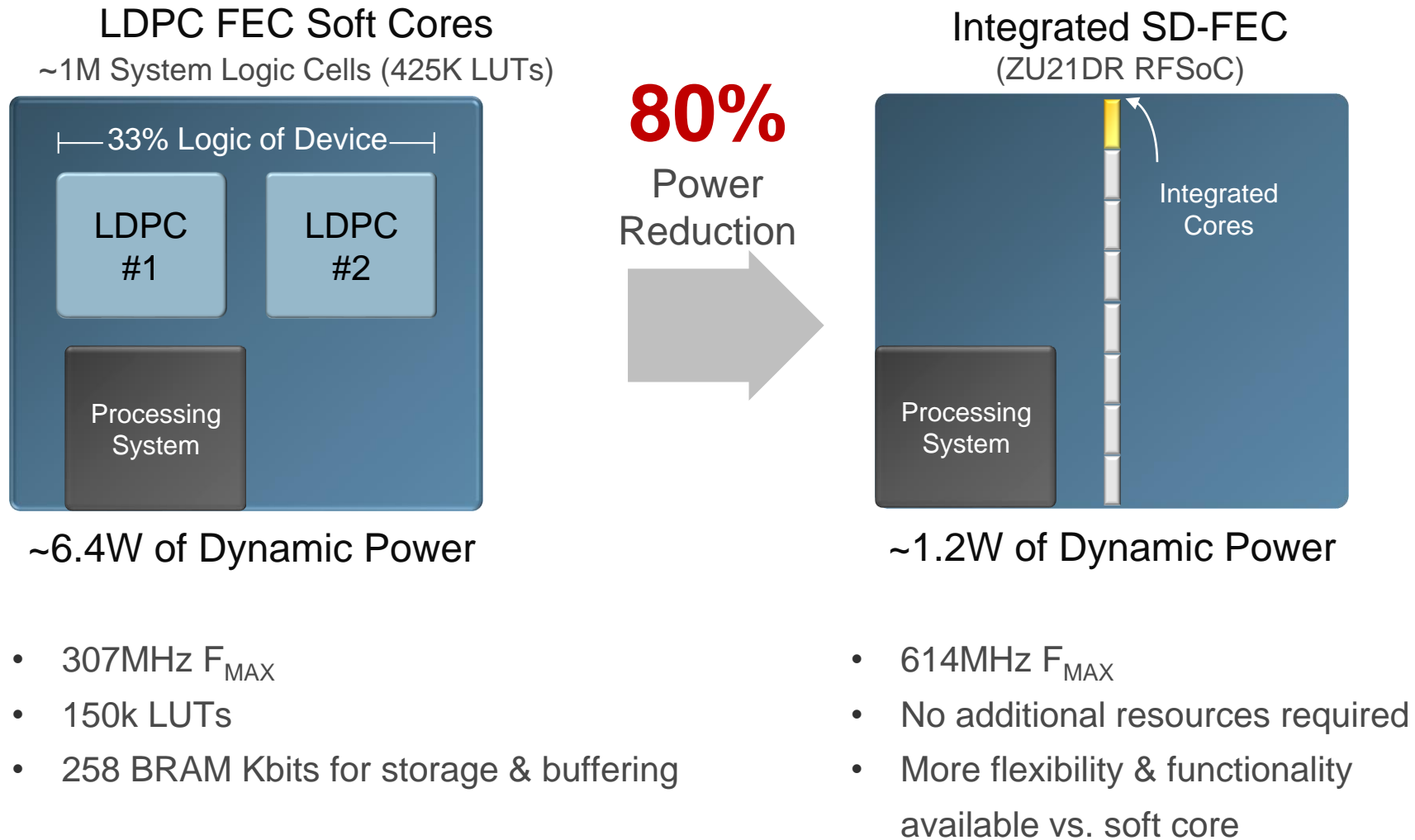


Reduced System Power

- Hardened 16nm FinFET silicon vs. soft implementation in FPGA fabric
- Meets thermal requirements for key applications

Dramatic Power Reduction vs. Soft Core

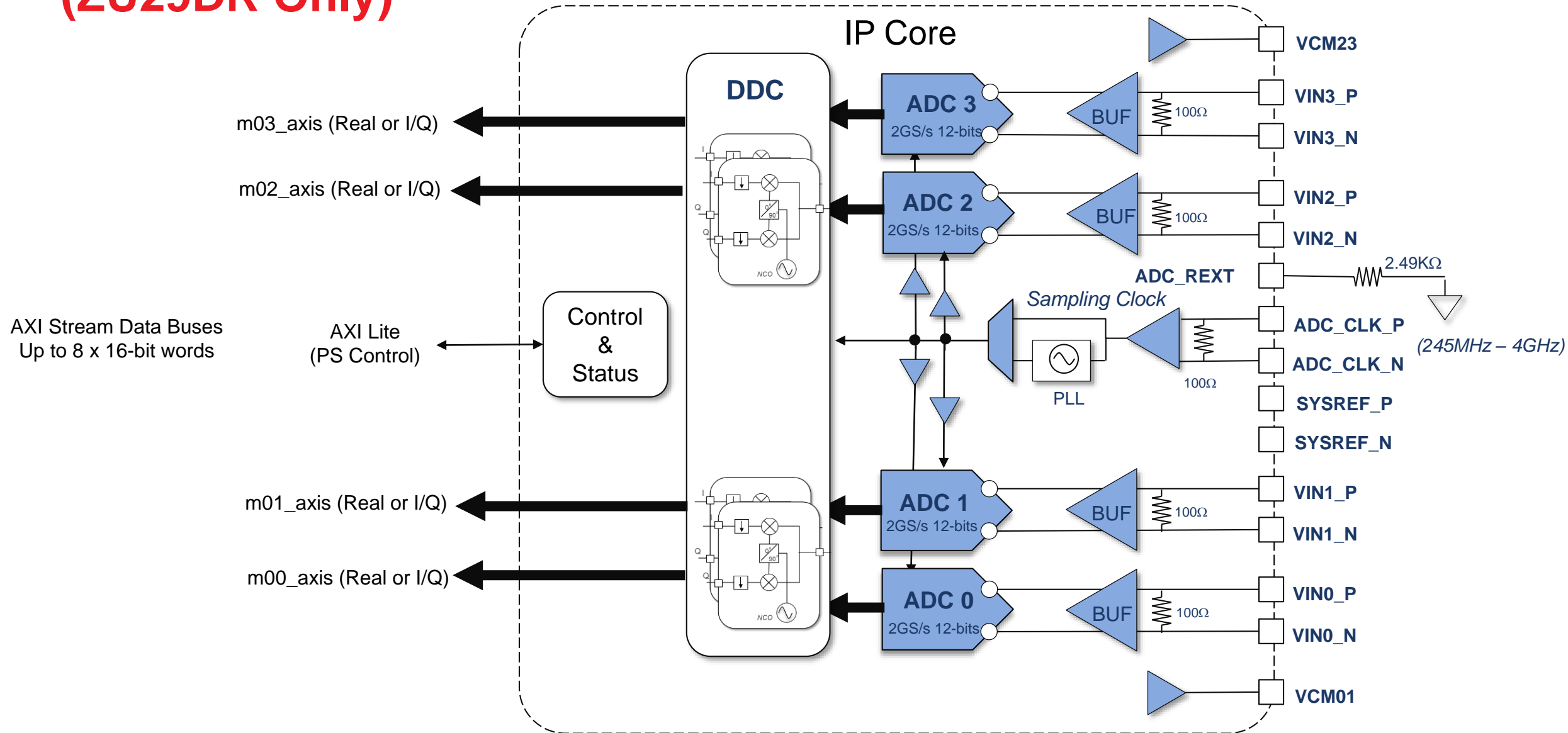
Example of 2x LDPC Cores at 2Gb/s Throughput



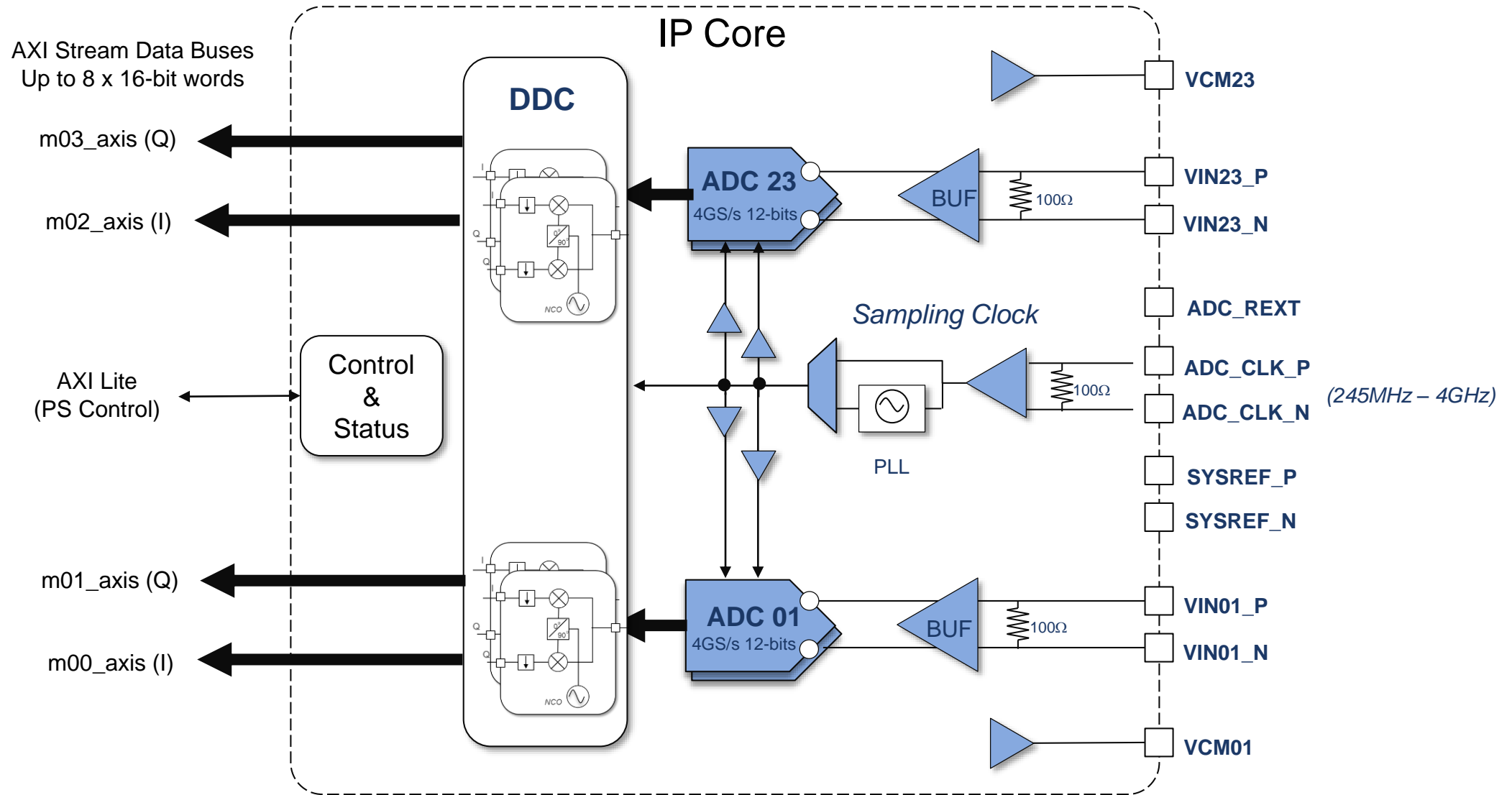
Zynq® UltraScale+™ RFSoc RF ADC & RF DAC Overview



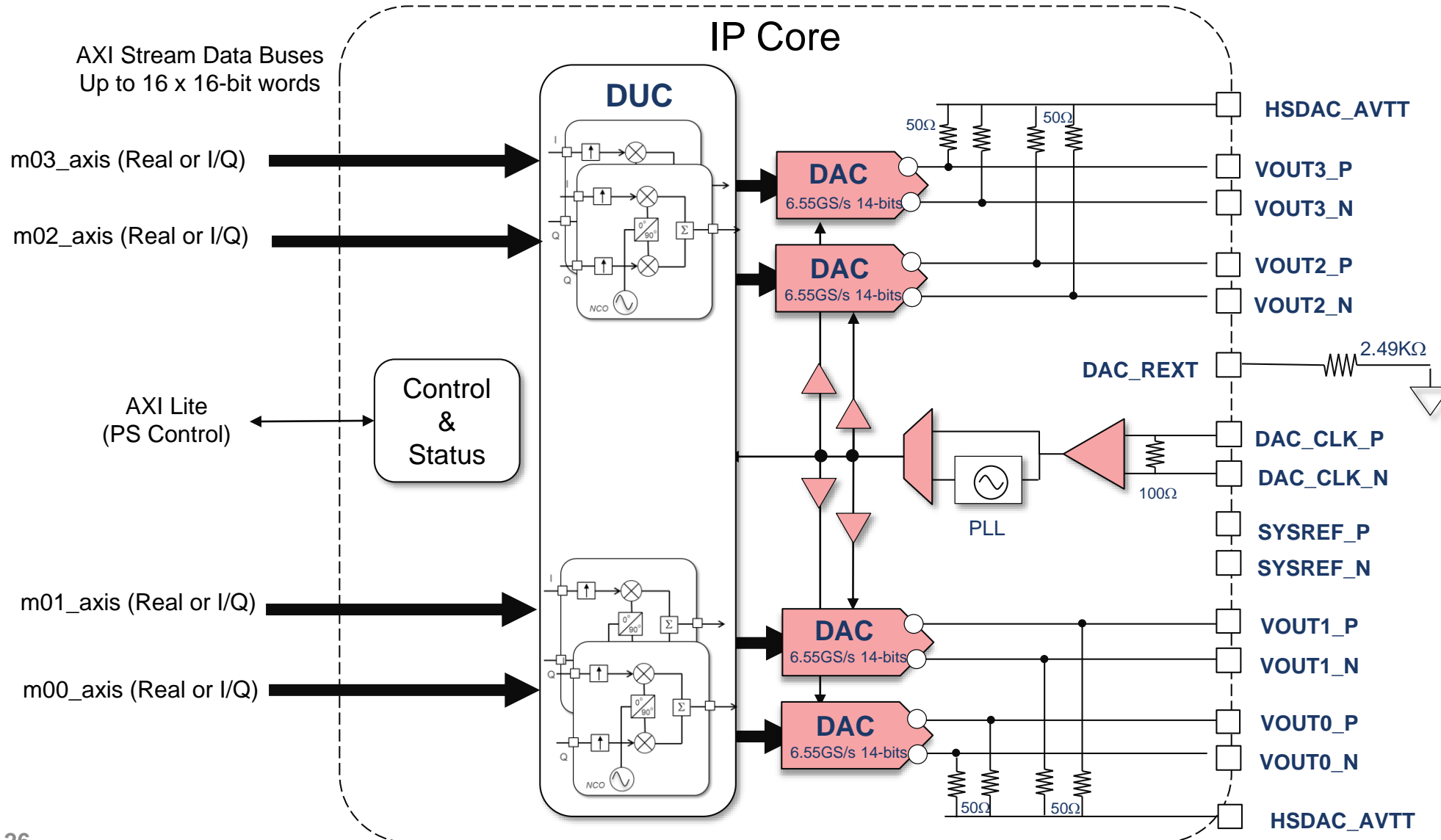
RF ADC Block 2GS/s Configuration (ZU29DR Only)



RF ADC Block 4GS/s Configuration (ZU25DR, ZU27DR, & ZU28DR Only)



RF DAC Block Diagram (ZU25DR, ZU27DR, ZU28DR, & ZU29DR)



Zynq UltraScale+ RFSoc Product Solutions



Zynq UltraScale+ RFSoc Kits

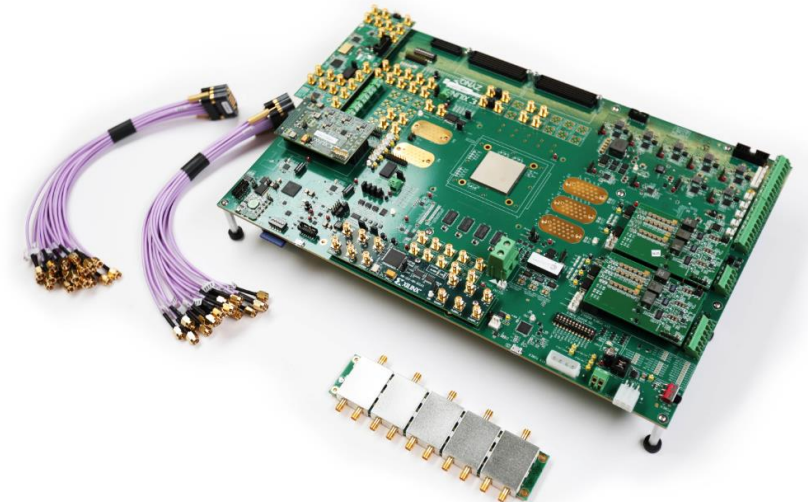
> Zynq UltraScale+ RFSoc ZCU111 Evaluation Kit

- >> XCZU28DR-2FFVG1517E RFSoc
 - 8x 4GSPS 12-bit ADCs
 - 8x 6.5GSPS 14-bit DAC
 - 8 soft-decision forward error correction (SD-FECs)
- >> FMC+ :12 x 32.75 Gb/s GTY transceivers and 34 user defined differential I/O signals
- >> XM500 RFMC balun transformer card w 4 DACs/ 4 ADCs to baluns 4 DACs/ 4 ADCs to SMAs
- >> Price: \$8,995
- >> Part Number: EK-U1-ZCU111-G



> Zynq UltraScale+ RFSoc ZCU1275 Characterization Kit

- >> XCZU29DR RFSoc
 - 16x 2GSPS 12-bit ADCs
 - 16x 6.5GSPS 14-bit DAC
- >> Balun Board, Bullseye Cables, Filters
- >> Price: \$14,995
- >> Part Number: CK-U1-ZCU1275-G



RF DC Evaluation Tool Highlights (ZCU111)

> LabVIEW based evaluation GUI running on PC

- Ethernet Interface to board

> Loopback (DAC to ADC) for multiple channels evaluation

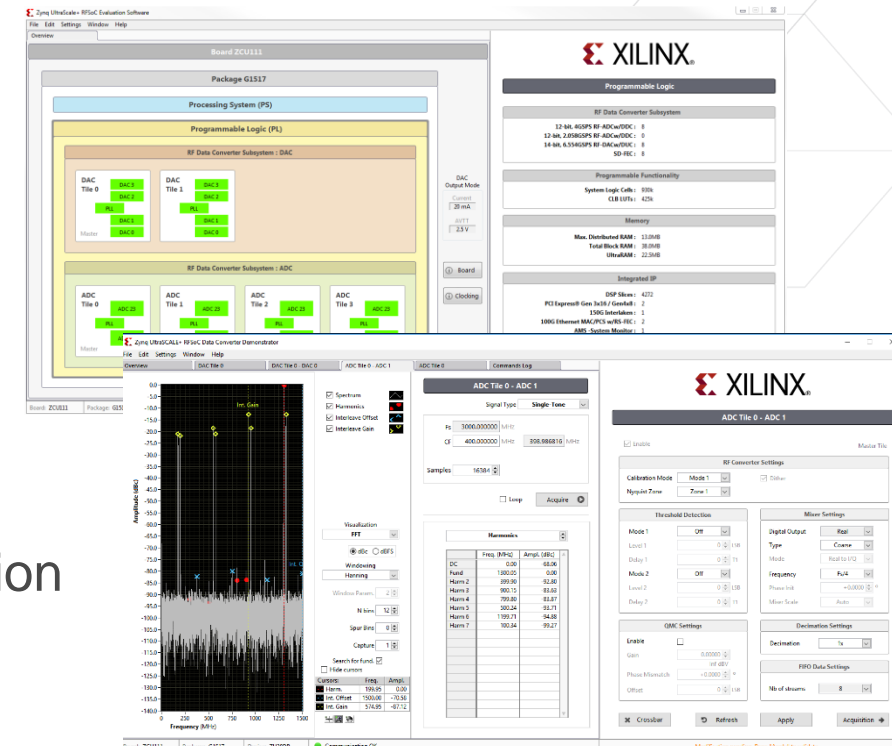
- Key parameters measurement (i.e. NSD, SFDR, THD, Harmonics, Spurious Performance)
- 2 tones test (i.e. IM3)

> DAC / ADC standalone evaluation

- DAC analysis => generate test vectors
- ADC analysis => FFT spectrum analysis for various input test signals with signal generator

> Advance Features

- Nyquist zone, DDC/DUC, Mixer, NCO, Looping feature
- File input / export for customized test vectors / modulation



RF Analyzer Debug Tool Highlights

> Act as a debug tool

- Support the ZU+ RFSoc configuration
- Cross-check features and functionalities
- Ease of use – no FPGA experience required
- Not require any additional external resources (i.e. DDR)

> Compatible with any platforms

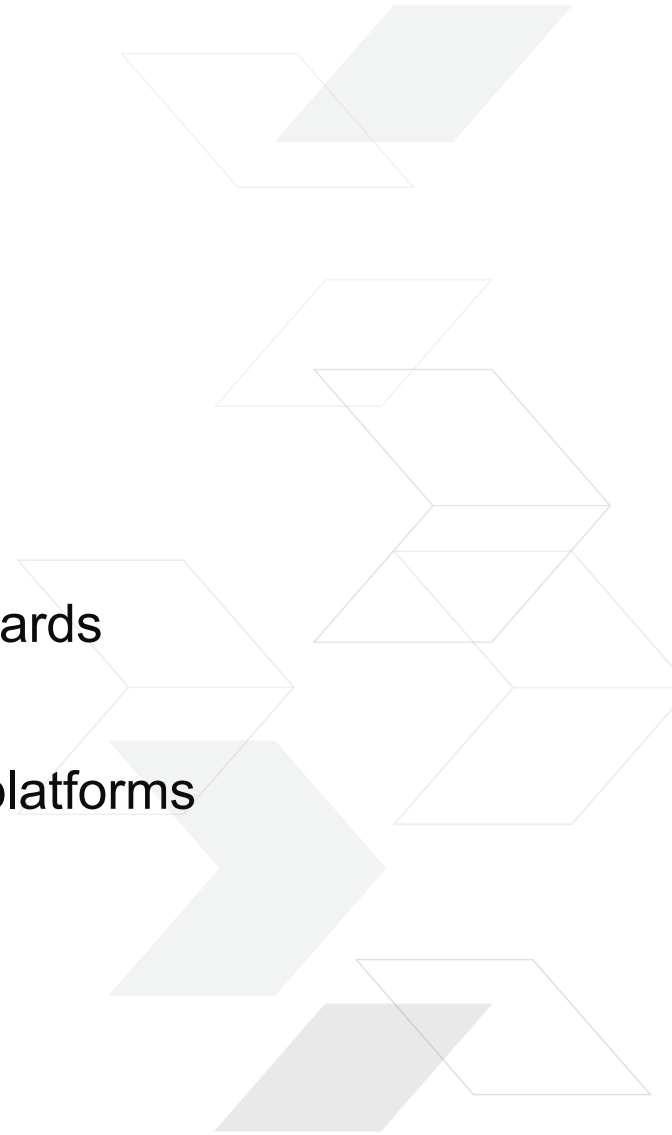
- ZU+ RFSoc performance can be evaluated in any customers' boards

> JTAG based communication interface

- JTAG USB cables connected between debug tool & customers' platforms
- All communications via JTAG:
 - CTRL: JTAG-to-UART
 - DATA: JTAG-to-AXI

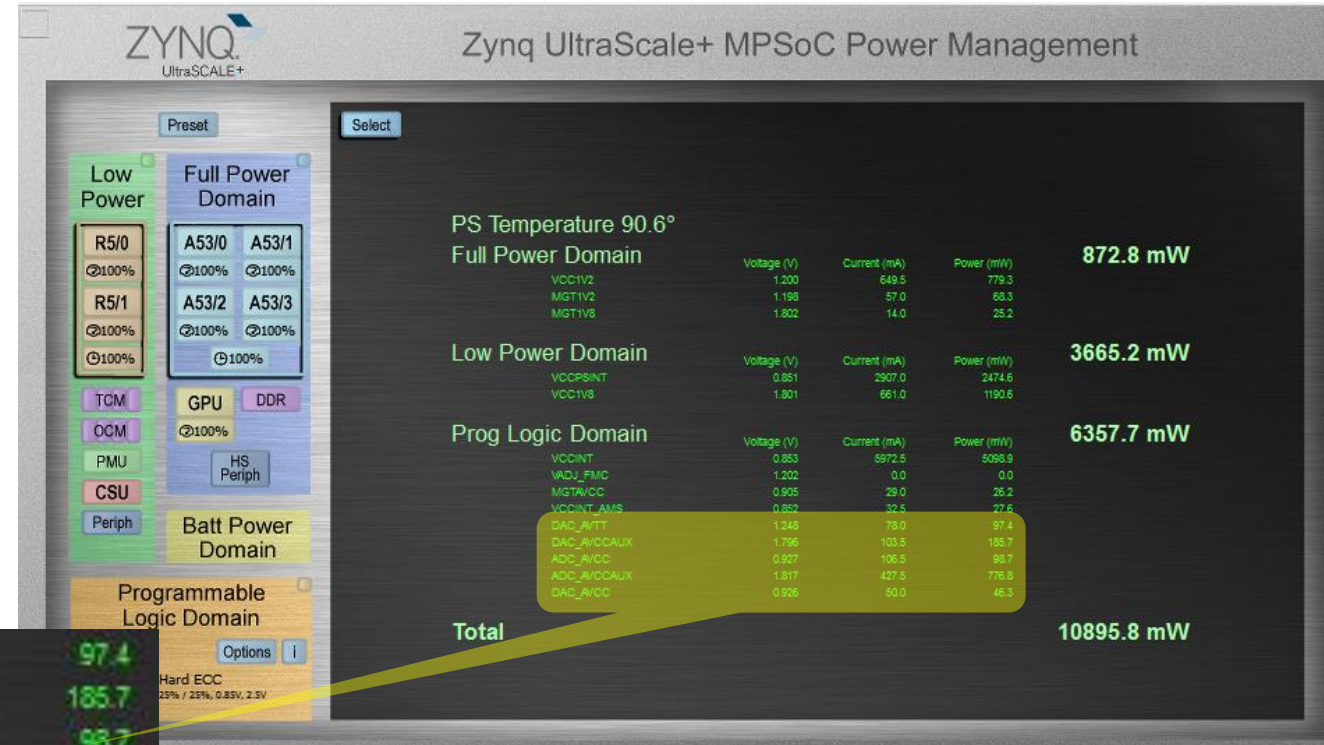
> Features

- Simplified version of RF DC Evaluation Tool



ZCU111 Power Measurement & Power Advantage Tool

- > **Tool Measures & Displays All Rails, SysMon Voltages & Temperature**
 - >> Including ZU+ RFSoc Converter Power
- > **Text, Plots, & Data Logging Included**
- > **Currently supported on ZCU102, ZCU106 and NOW ZCU111**
- > **Works with Customer Designs Without Impact**
 - >> Less temperature unless R5 code included
- > **Separate GUI Enables More to Be Seen**



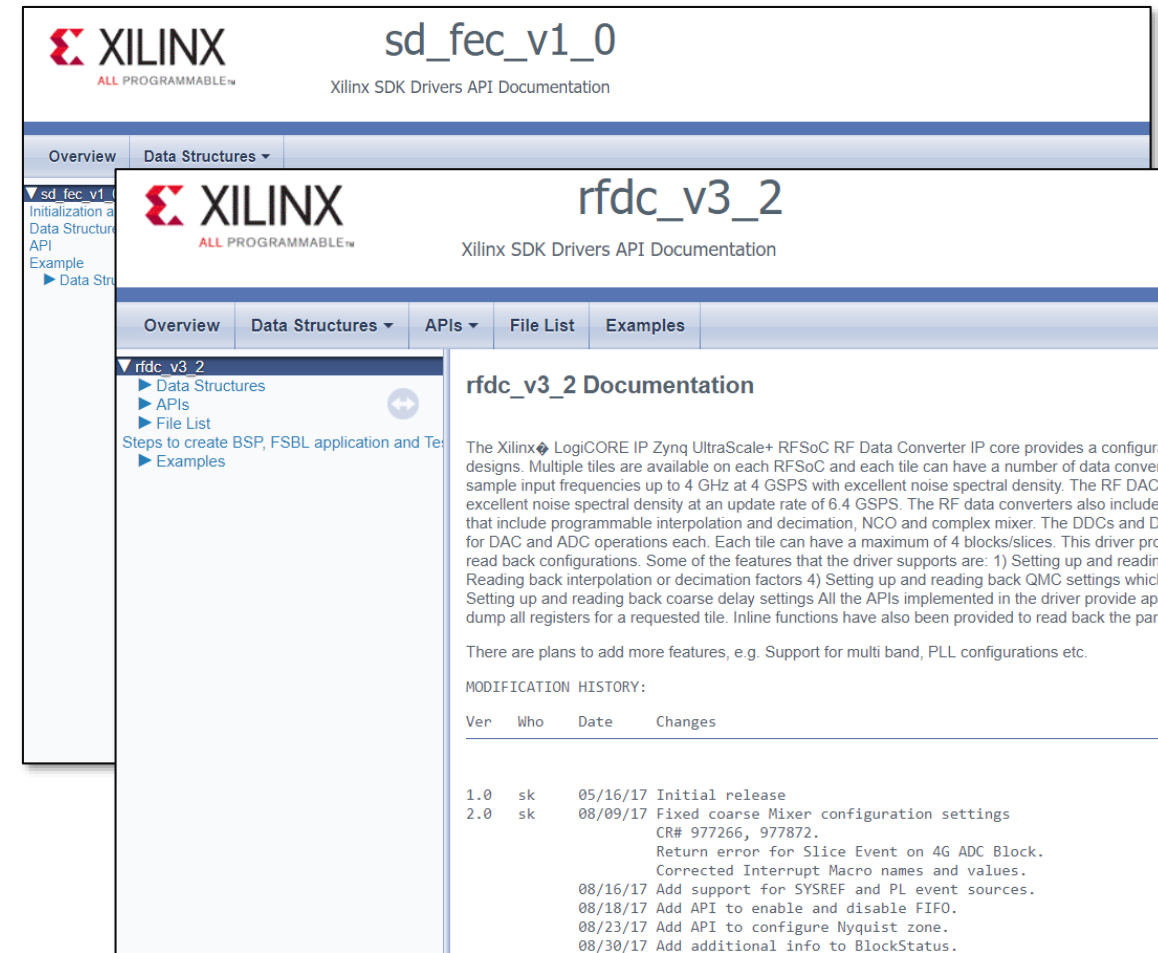
Documentation

> PG269 – RF-ADC/DAC Product Guide

- >> driver/API – Appendix C
- >> HTML driver docs in XSDK build (system.mss file Documentation link, GitHub)
- >> Xilinx linux/baremetal wikis

> PG256 – SD-FEC Product Guide

- >> bare-metal driver/API – Appendix C
- >> Linux driver/API from source files via Doxygen
- >> HTML driver docs in XSDK build (system.mss file Documentation link, GitHub)
- >> Xilinx linux wiki



The screenshot displays the Xilinx SDK Drivers API Documentation for the `rf_dc_v3_2` component. The page is titled "XILINX ALL PROGRAMMABLE™" and "Xilinx SDK Drivers API Documentation". The navigation menu includes "Overview", "Data Structures", "APIs", "File List", and "Examples". The main content area is titled "rf_dc_v3_2 Documentation" and contains a detailed description of the Xilinx LogiCORE IP Zynq UltraScale+ RFSoc RF Data Converter IP core. It also includes a "MODIFICATION HISTORY" table with columns for Version, Who, Date, and Changes.

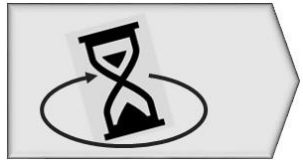
Ver	Who	Date	Changes
1.0	sk	05/16/17	Initial release
2.0	sk	08/09/17	Fixed coarse Mixer configuration settings CR# 977266, 977872. Return error for Slice Event on 4G ADC Block. Corrected Interrupt Macro names and values.
		08/16/17	Add support for SYSREF and PL event sources.
		08/18/17	Add API to enable and disable FIFO.
		08/23/17	Add API to configure Nyquist zone.
		08/30/17	Add additional info to BlockStatus.

Also very helpful to new ZU+ users:

- >> UG1209 – ZU+ MPSoC Embedded Design Tutorial
- >> UG1228 – ZU+ Embedded Design Methodology Guide
- >> UG1087 – ZU+ MPSoC Register Reference Guide

Zynq® UltraScale+™ RFSoc Hardware & Software Design Flow

Zynq UltraScale+ RFSoc Design Flow Overview



Xilinx tools support the configuration and integration of the complete RF Data Converter Subsystem

Up to 6 TMACs of customizable DSP

Tool Suite

VIVADO[®]
HLx Editions

SDx[™]
Environments

System Generator 

IP Integrator 

Complete Solution

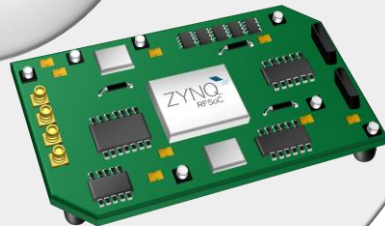
DSP

SSR IP

DPD

IP Portfolio

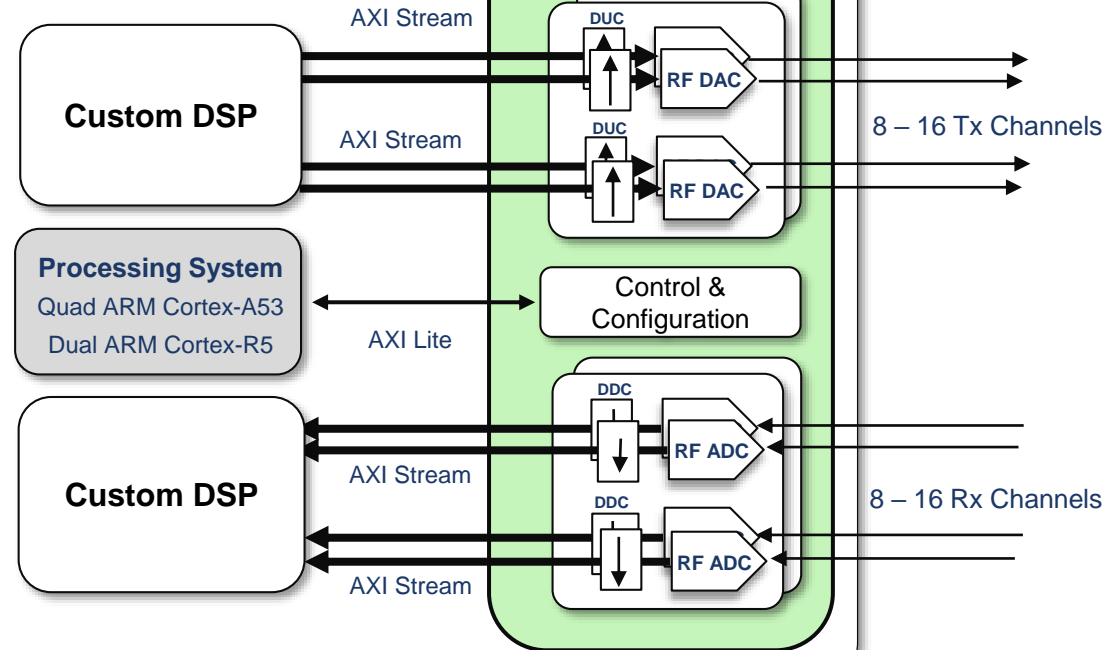
DOCSIS 3.x
DOCSIS FDx*



Evaluation Platforms
ZCU111
ZC1275

ZYNQ[®]
RFSoc

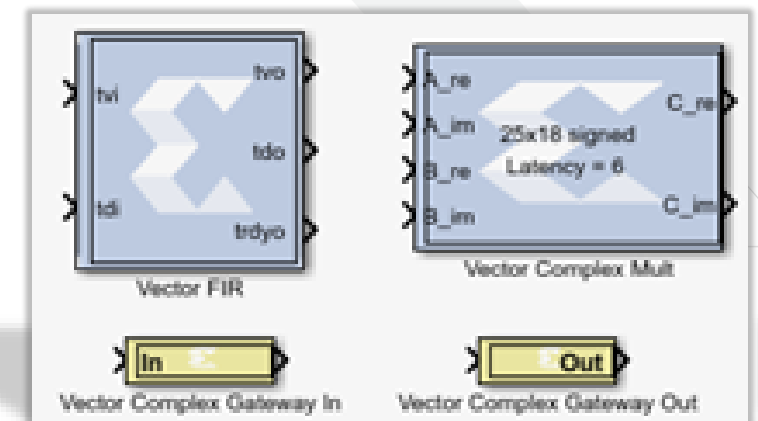
RF Data Converter Subsystem



Super Sample Rate Support & IP

- > **Super Sample Rate – Processing multiple samples per clock**
 - >> Data into FPGA @ much higher sample rate than the FPGA clock
 - Sample rate into FPGA greater than PL clock rate
 - >> Need to parallelize the input and process multiple samples per FPGA clock cycle
 - >> Requested by A&D customers where RF-ADC/DACs do not meet there DUC/DDCs needs

- > **SysGen has developed an SSR programmatical library of 26 SSR IP blocks**
 - >> Including FIR, Complex Mult, Mult, DDS and others (2018.3)
 - >> SysGen provides additional Super Rate Support

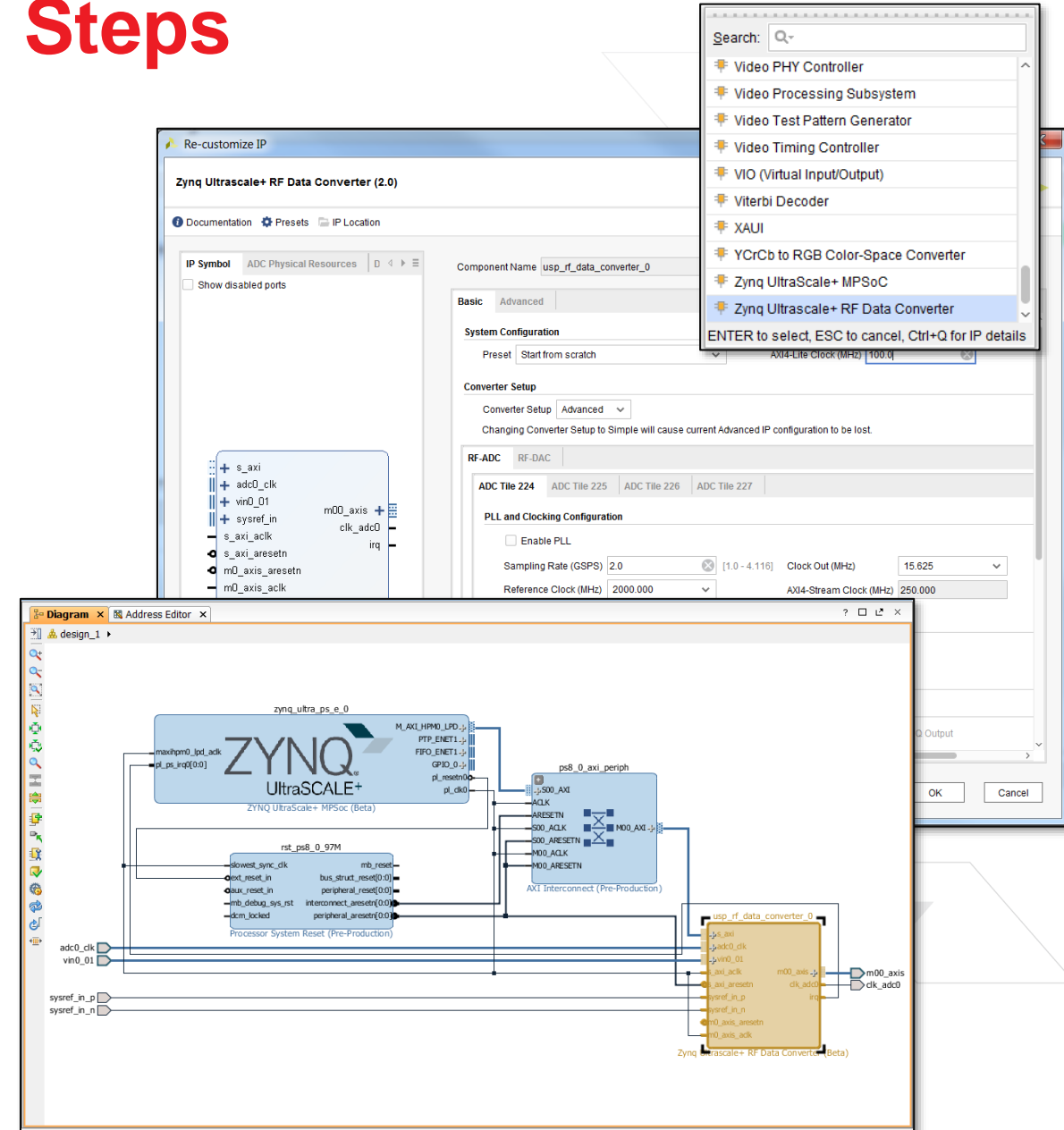


RF-ADC/DAC Implementation Steps

VIVADO

- 1. Add an RF-ADC/DAC instance using IPI**
 - Single instance
- 2. Use GUI to configure and customize the IP**
 - Right click IP to generate example design and testbench, plus DAC HW stimulus generator and ADC HW sink
 - Use BSPs for HW examples per board
- 3. Connect the RF-ADC/DAC instance to the PS, additional logic, RTL, outside world...**
- 4. Implement (Synthesis, PnR...)**
- 5. Generate the bitstream, export the HDF**
- 6. Implement your Software Project**
 - XSDK, Petalinux, 3rd party...

IDE

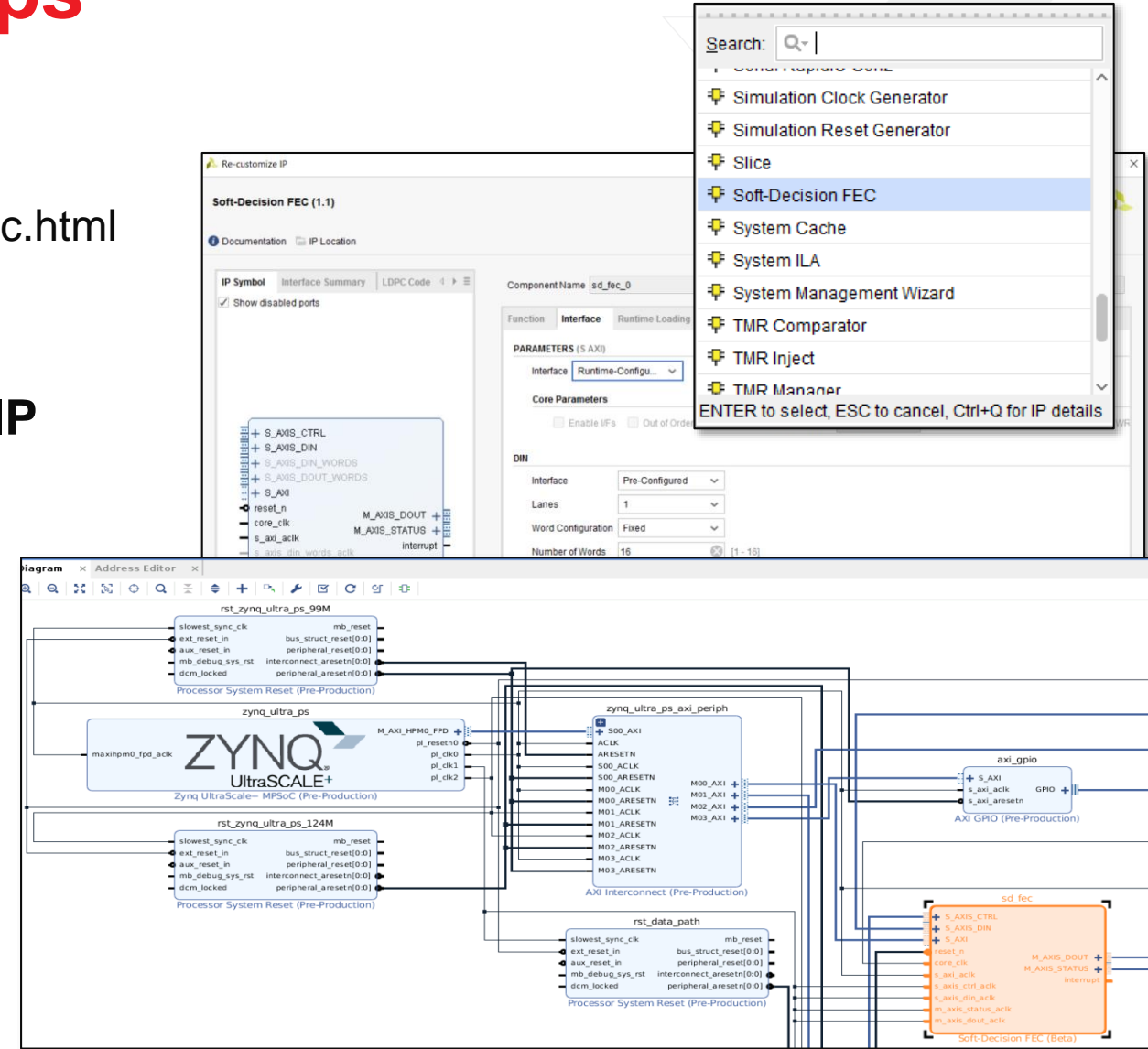


SD-FEC Implementation Steps

VIVADO

IDE

- 1. Add SD-FEC instance using IPI**
 - SD-FEC requires a license – but it's free
xilinx.com/products/intellectual-property/sd-fec.html
 - Place SD-FEC IP instances
(see PG256 for placement constraints)
- 2. Use GUI to configure and customize the IP**
 - Includes Optional Example Designs
 - 1) Testbench simulation
 - 2) PS-based example design
- 3. Connect SD-FEC instances to the PS, additional logic IP, RTL, outside world...**
- 4. Implement (Synthesis, PnR...)**
- 5. Generate the bitstream, export the HDF**
- 6. Implement your Software Project**
 - XSDK, Petalinux, 3rd party...

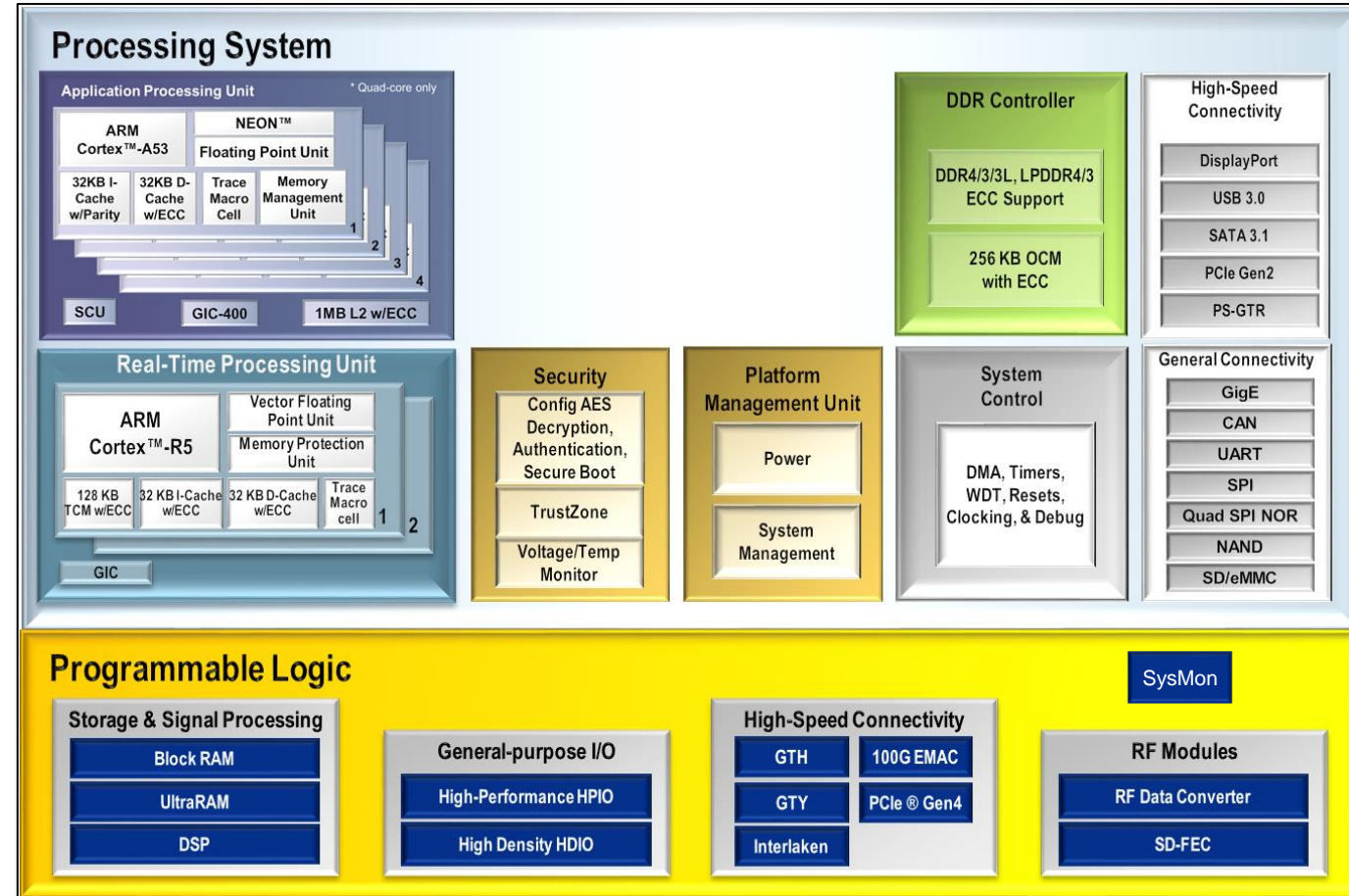


Drivers & Software



Zynq UltraScale+ RFSoc Device

- > The Processing System is identical to a ZU+ MPSoc, except:
 - >> No GPU,
 - >> Quad Cortex-A53 APU only (no dual)
 - >> All other PS blocks remain the same
- > A portion of the PL of a ZU+ MPSoc device has been replaced with the SD-FEC, RF-ADC/DAC blocks
- > No change to peripheral interfaces or drivers (I2C, QSPI...)



- Software users coming from a ZU+ design already know how to use the RFSoc PS

Zynq UltraScale+ RFSoc Drivers

> RF-ADC/DAC – rfdc_v* (3.2) (PG269 – Appendix C)

- >> Bare-Metal – XSDK build, GitHub, Linux – GitHub (embeddedsd)
- >> Linux and bare-metal APIs are identical
- >> Control plane manipulation, avoiding registers
- >> 77 APIs total (as of 2018.1)

> SD-FEC – sd_fec_v* (1.0) (PG256 – Appendix C)

- >> Bare-Metal – In the XSDK build, GitHub
Linux – GitHub (linux-xlnx) – linked from Xilinx linux drivers wiki
- >> Linux and bare-metal APIs differ
- >> Control plane manipulation, data table updates, register manipulation option via API
- >> 7 main bare-metal APIs, plus 84 specialized register/table API calls (as of 2018.1)

> Three of the four driver combinations use libmetal library

[.../Xilinx/embeddedsw/XilinxProcessorIPLib/drivers](https://github.com/Xilinx/embeddedsw/XilinxProcessorIPLib/drivers)

Driver	Type	Uses Libmetal?
rfdc	Bare-metal	Yes
rfdc	Linux	Yes
sd_fec	Bare-metal	No
sd_fec	Linux	Yes

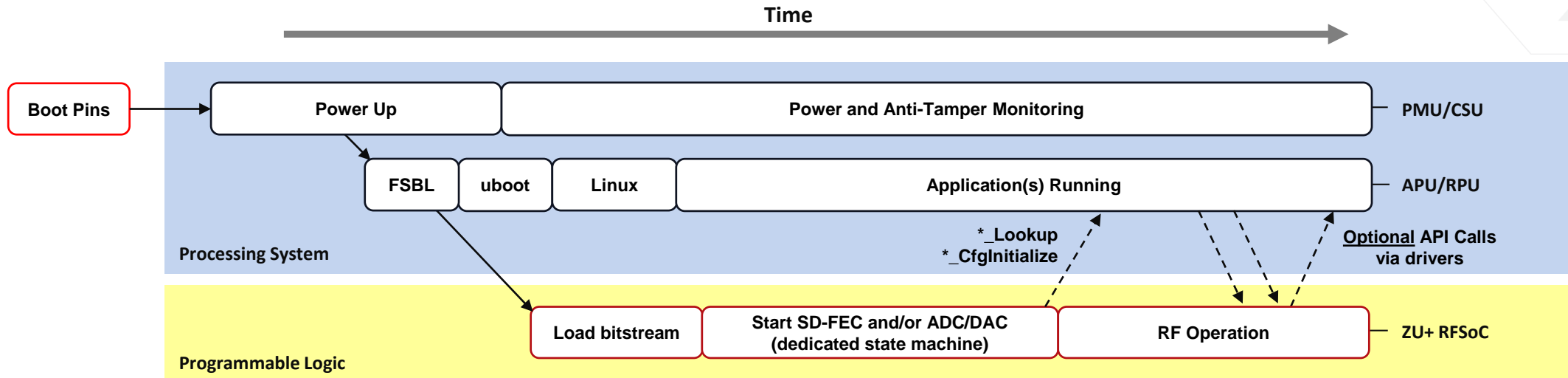
A Simple RF-ADC/DAC Example Explained

- > Set the RF-ADC/DAC instance
- > Populate the data structures per the initial Vivado settings
- > Two nested loops checking which blocks are enabled
 - >> The first runs through each Tile
 - >> The second runs through each Block within each Tile
- > Modify Mixer Settings from initial configuration
- > Write new Mixer Settings
- > Modify QMC Settings from initial configuration
- > Write new QMC Settings

```
213
214 /* Initialize the RFdc driver. */
215 ConfigPtr = XRFdc_LookupConfig(RFdcDeviceId);
216 /* Initializes the controller */
217 Status = XRFdc_CfgInitialize(RFdcInstPtr, ConfigPtr);
218
219 for (Tile = 0; Tile <4; Tile++) {
220     /* Check for Tile Enabled */
221     for (Block = 0; Block <4; Block++) {
222         /* Check for Block Enabled */
223         if (XRFdc_IsDACBlockEnabled(RFdcInstPtr, Tile, Block)) {
224
225             Status = XRFdc_GetMixerSettings(RFdcInstPtr, XRFDC_DAC_TILE, Tile, Block, &SetMixerSettings);
226             Status = XRFdc_GetQMCSettings(RFdcInstPtr, XRFDC_DAC_TILE, Tile, Block, &SetQMCSettings);
227
228             /* Modify mixer configurations */
229             SetMixerSettings.CoarseMixFreq = 0x01;           // 1 (0 dbV)
230             SetMixerSettings.Freq = 2000;                   // MHz
231             SetMixerSettings.PhaseOffset = 22.56789;        // in Degrees, valid range -180 to 180
232             SetMixerSettings.FineMixerScale = 0x2;         // 0.997 (-0 dbV)
233
234             /* Write Mixer settings */
235             Status = XRFdc_SetMixerSettings(RFdcInstPtr, XRFDC_DAC_TILE, Tile, Block, &SetMixerSettings);
236
237             /* Modify QMC configurations */
238             SetQMCSettings.EnableGain = 1;                 // QMC gain correction enabled
239             SetQMCSettings.EnablePhase = 1;                // QMC phase correction enabled
240             SetQMCSettings.GainCorrectionFactor = 0.95;     // Gain Correction Factor
241             SetQMCSettings.PhaseCorrectionFactor = -5.0;    //Phase Correction Factor
242
243             /* Write QMC settings */
244             Status = XRFdc_SetQMCSettings(RFdcInstPtr, XRFDC_DAC_TILE, Tile, Block, &SetQMCSettings);
245         }
246     }
}
```

*Software changes can have drastic effects on the hardware
(example: setting the wrong data rate will generate a FIFO overflow)*

A Simplified Linux Zynq UltraScale+ RFSoc Boot Example



- >> The PMU/CSU initialize as in a ZU+
- >> The FSBL (First Stage Boot Loader) loads the bitstream including the SD-FEC and/or RF-ADC/DAC blocks
- >> In parallel the PMU/CSU/APU/RPU finish initialization and the SD-FEC and/or RF-ADC/DAC blocks initialize via on-board state machines (*no user interaction*)
- >> Software access to the IP is **optionally** started through *_Lookup then *_CfgInitialize API commands
- >> Application code can then **optionally** interact with the SD-FECs or RF-ADC/DAC as needed through APIs

• *The RF-ADC/DAC initialize and can operate **without** software interaction*

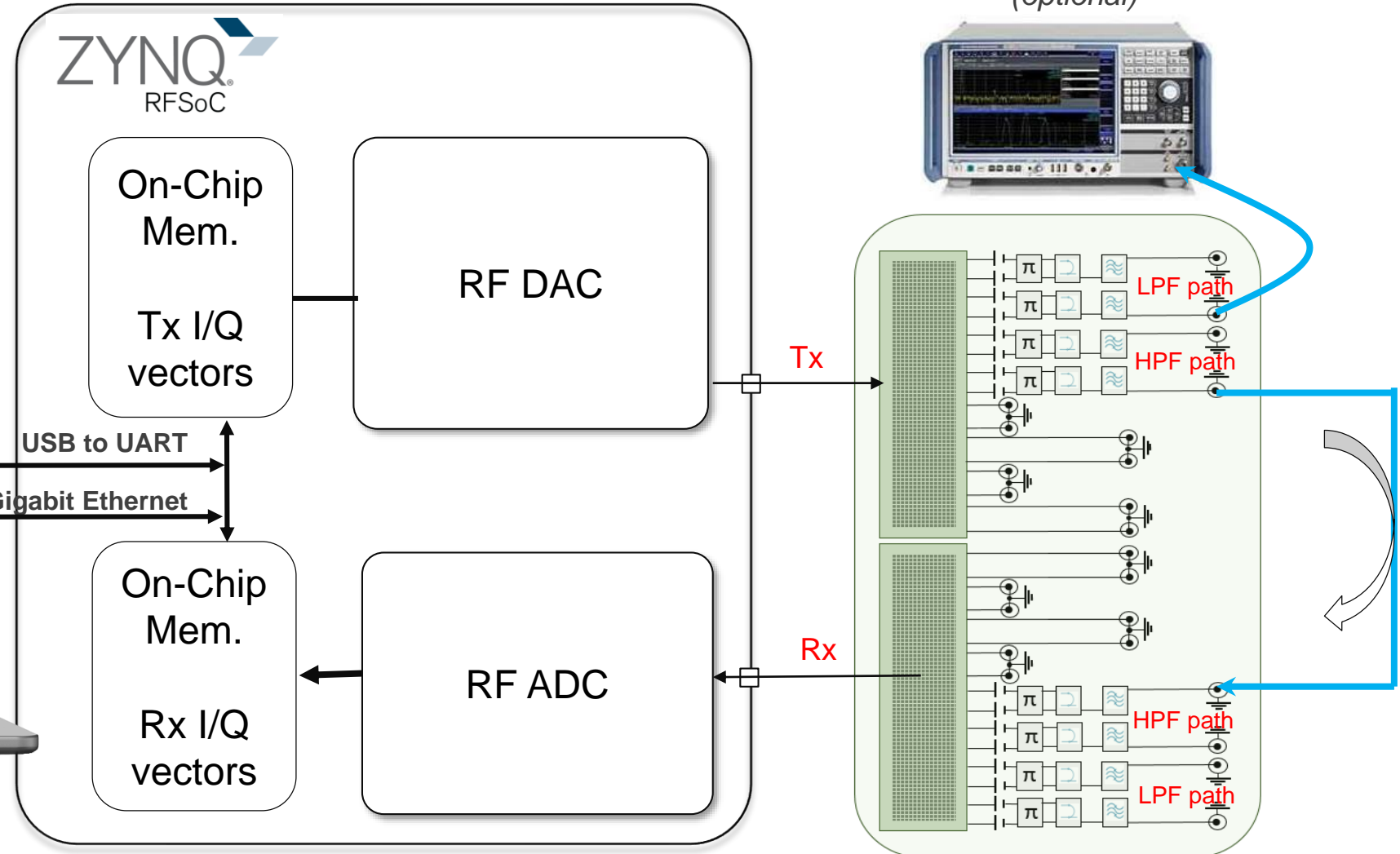
**See The RF Evaluation Tool Demonstration
During The Break**

RF Data Converter Evaluation Tool - Overview

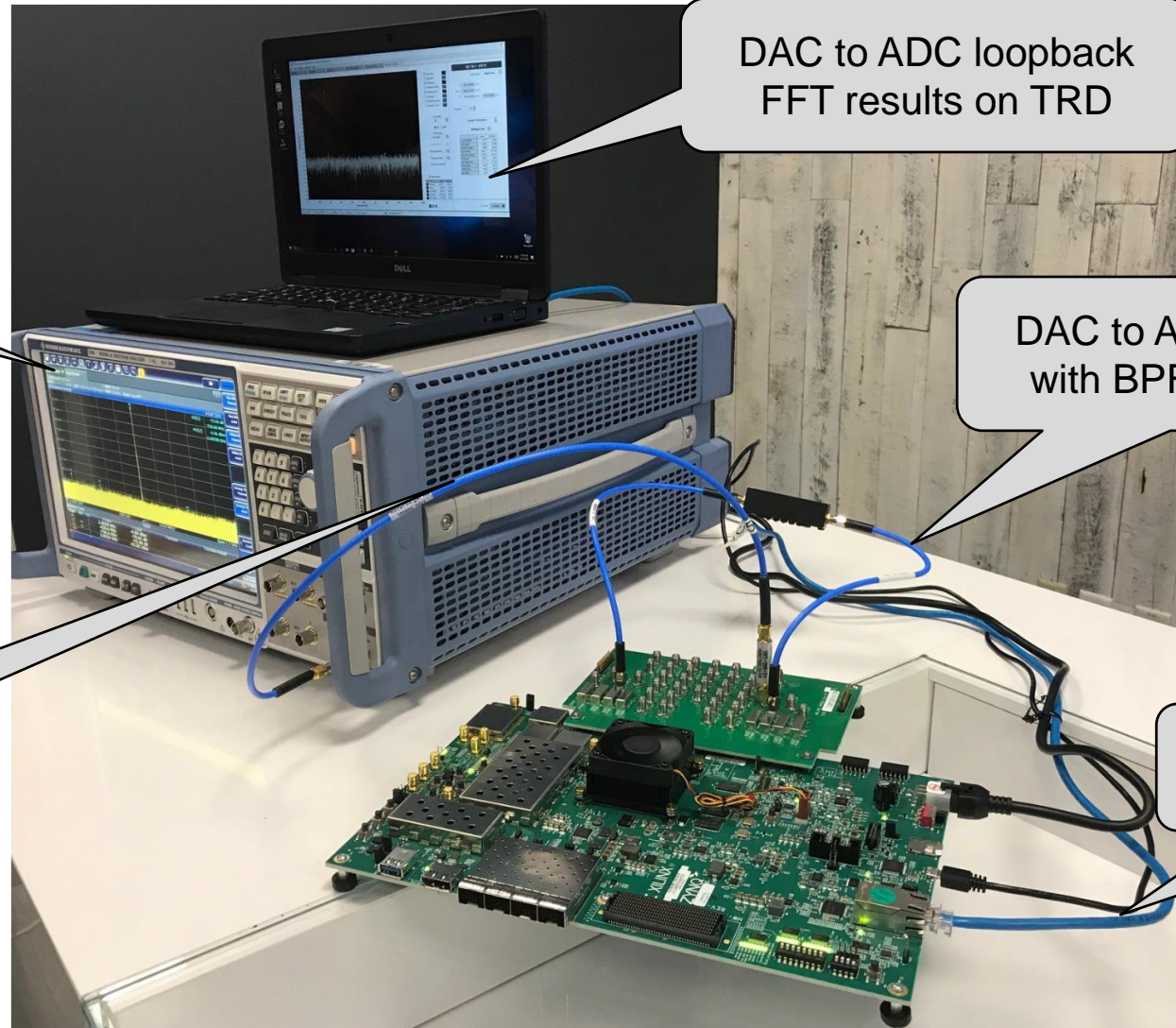
DAC Results & Analysis
(optional)



NI Labview GUI
ADC Results & Analysis
and
DAC stimuli building



Beta RF DC Evaluation Tool Measurement simple set-up



DAC outputs to Spectrum Analyzer (optional)

DAC to ADC loopback FFT results on TRD

DAC to ADC loopback with BPF in between

DAC channel output to Spectrum Analyzer

USB / Ethernet cable connected to PC

Summary



- > **Integrated RF Data Converter Subsystem addresses a wide range of applications**
- > **Significantly reduces the Power and Footprint of high channel count systems**
- > **Enables adaptable Radio HW platforms**
- > **Full support in Vivado accelerates development time versus discrete solutions**
- > **Data Converter Evaluation Board, Design, and Evaluation Tools**

Adaptable.
Intelligent.



RF Solutions with Zynq® UltraScale+™ RFSoc

